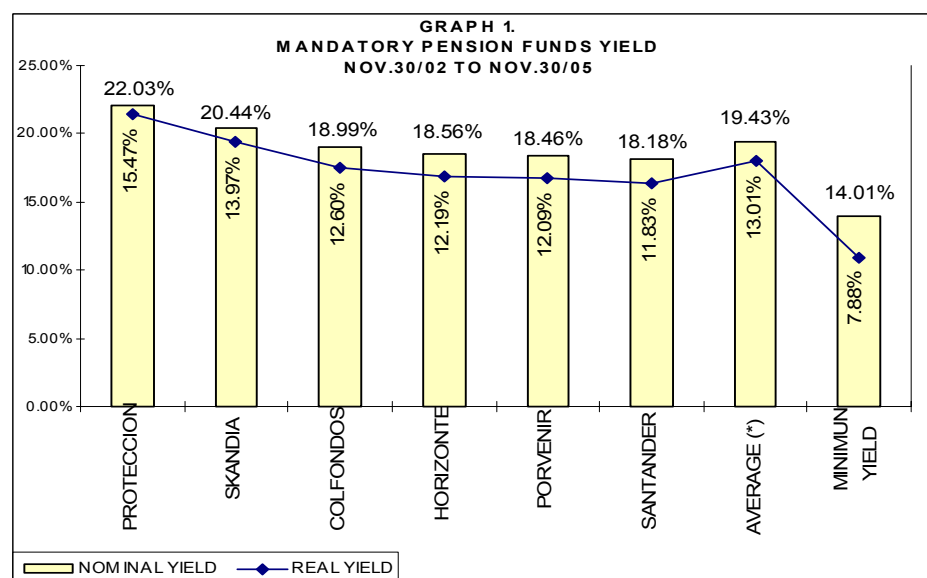


**PERFORMANCE OF MANDATORY PENSION FUNDS, VOLUNTARY PENSION FUNDS,  
UNEMPLOYMENT FUNDS, PAY AS YOU GO REGIME AND ADMINISTRATOR OF PROFESSIONAL  
RISKS OF THE ISS NOVEMBER OF 2005**

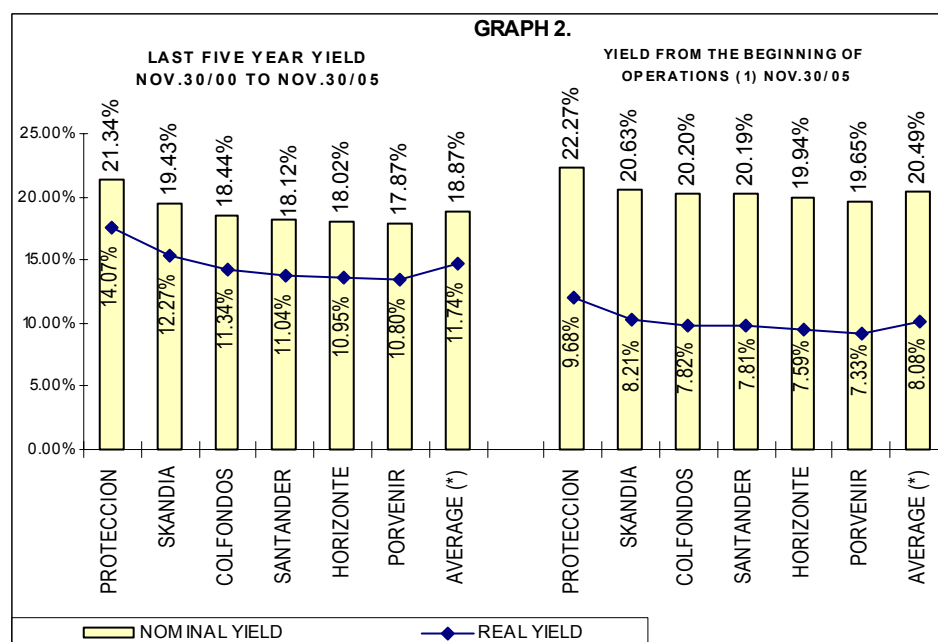
**1. MANDATORY PENSIONS FUNDS**

**1.1 MANDATORY PENSION FUNDS YIELD**

The accumulated yield of mandatory pension funds during the Last three years, period that considers for the calculation of the minimum yield, was in average of the 19.43% cash annual, equivalent to a 13.01% yield real of and superior to the demanded minimum yield in 5.42 percentage points. Individually, the funds reached yields that go from the 18.18% to the 22.03% (graph 1).



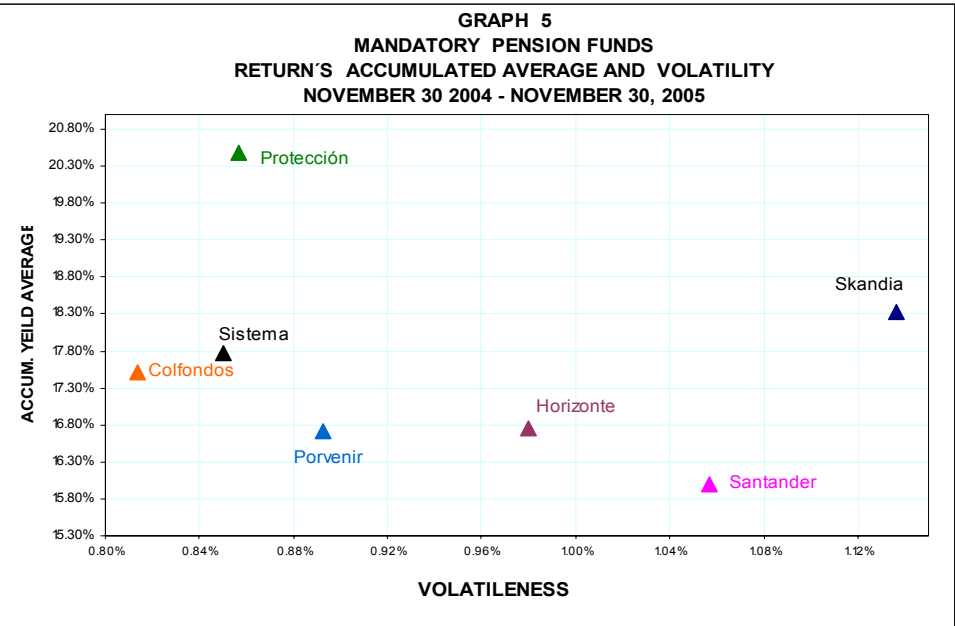
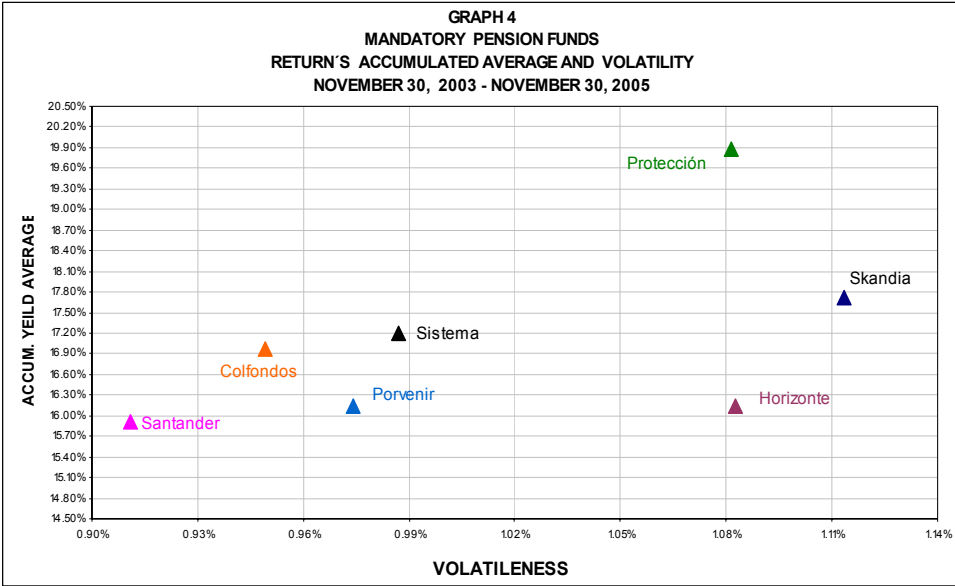
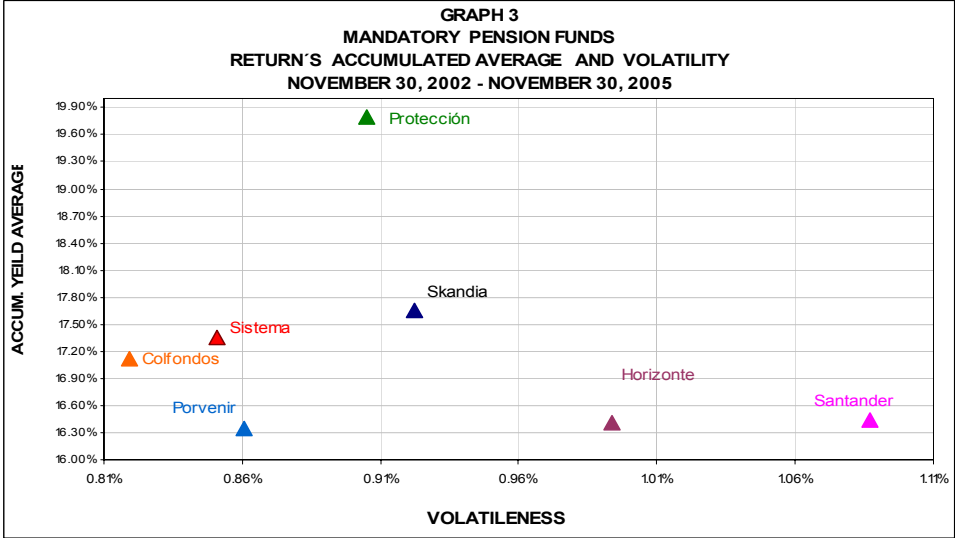
During the last five years mandatory pension funds obtained a yield effective average of 18.87% annual, the equivalent one to a real yield of the 11.74%, whereas the yield average from beginning of operations to the 30 of November of 2005 were of the 20.49% annual cash, that corresponds in real terms to the 8.08% (graph 2).

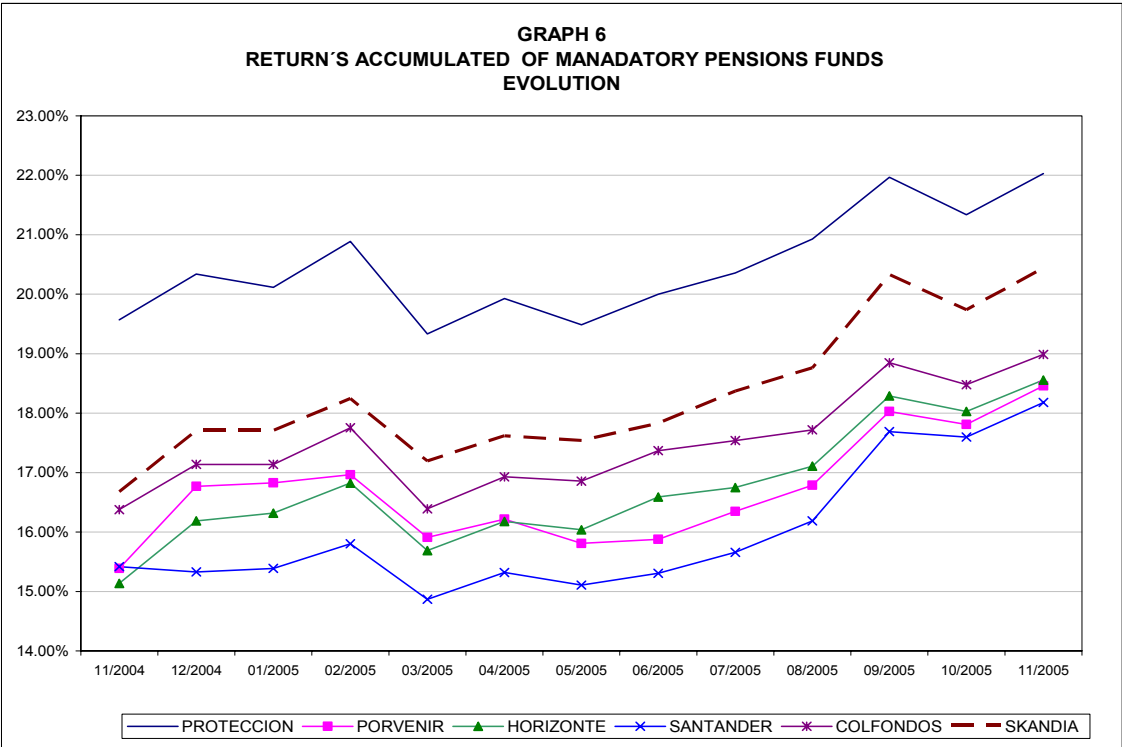


(\*) Weighed by the balance daily average of the patrimony  
(1) May 1994, without Skandia that began in march 1995

1.2 VOLATILITY AND EVOLUTION YIELDS

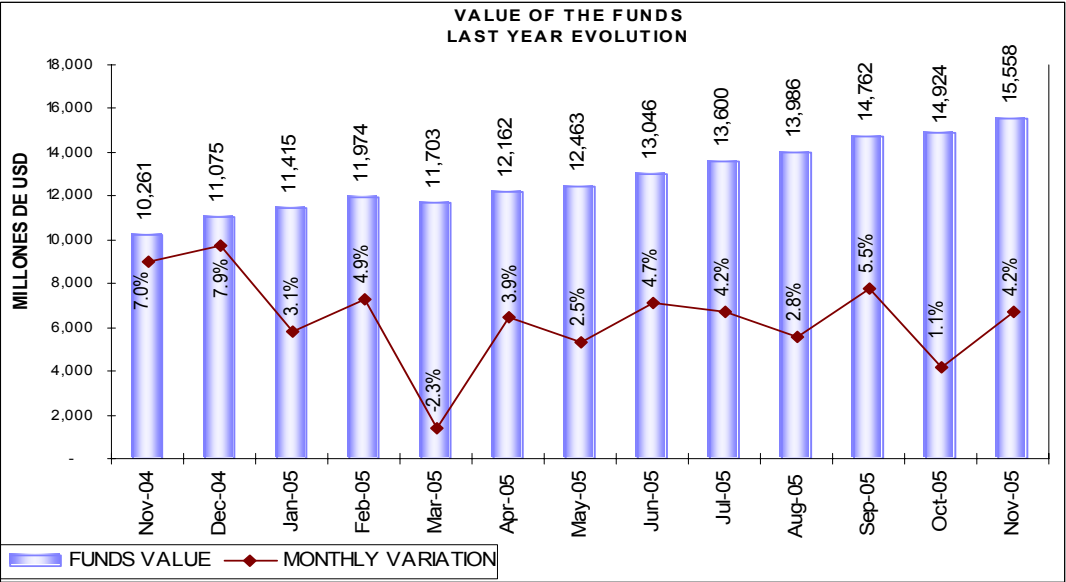
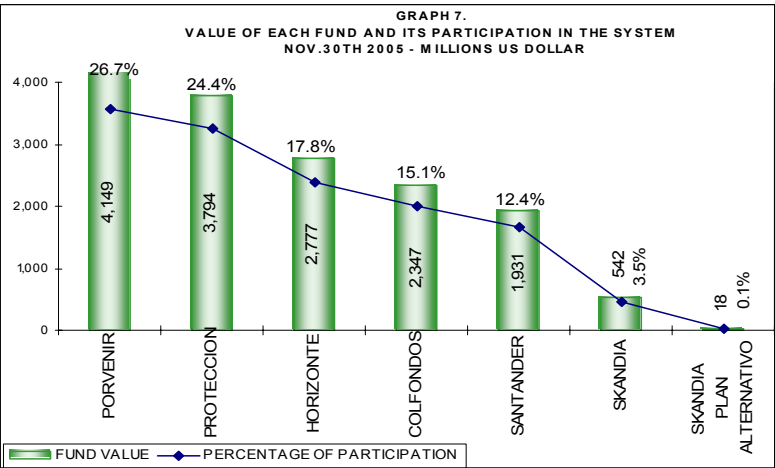
The average of the calculated accumulated yields during the last thirty and six months of the funds was the 17.36% % of annual cash and its volatility (standard deviation) of the 0.85%. This average for the last two years was of the 17.20%, with a volatility of the 0,99%, whereas for the last year the yield average was in the 17.77% and its volatility in 0.85%. The yield average and its volatility of each one of the funds during the mentioned periods is reflected in graphs 3, 4, 5 and 6.





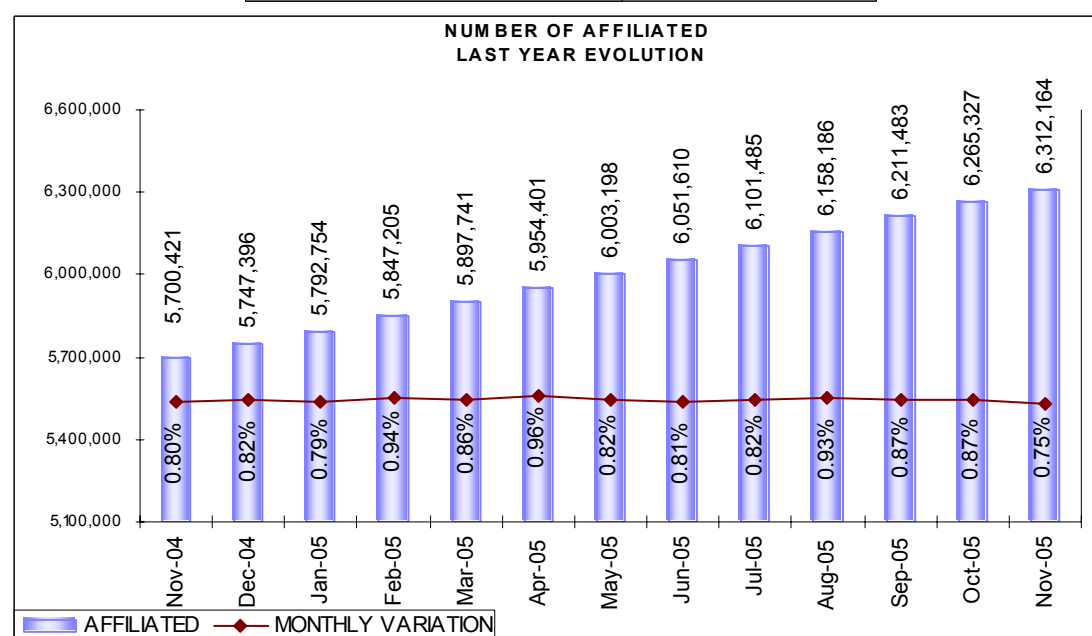
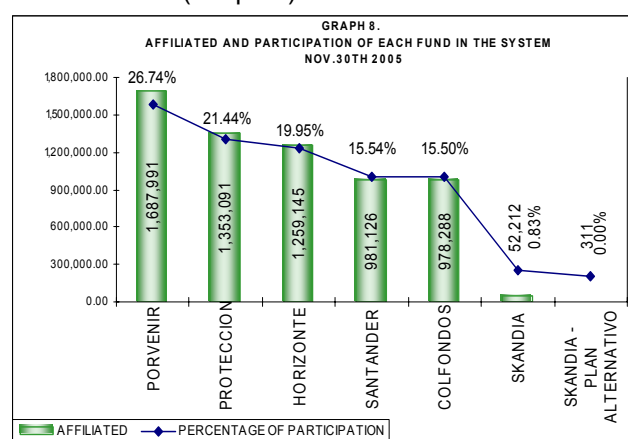
1.3 VALUE OF THE FUNDS

The value of mandatory pension funds reached to the 30 of November of 2005 a value of USD 15.6 billions, superior in \$634 million the value registered to the 31 of October, that is to say, a 4,2% (graph 7, Chart 1.1).

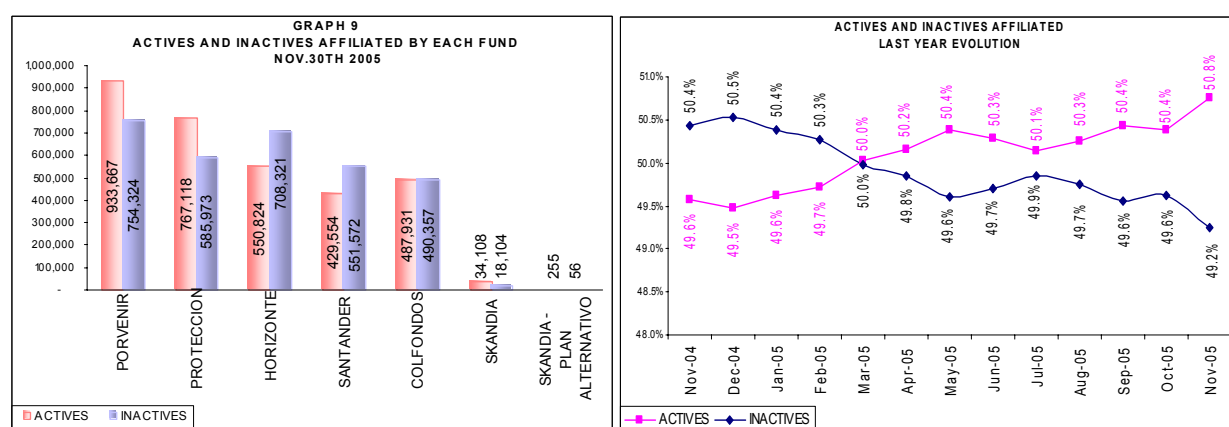


## 1.4 AFFILIATED

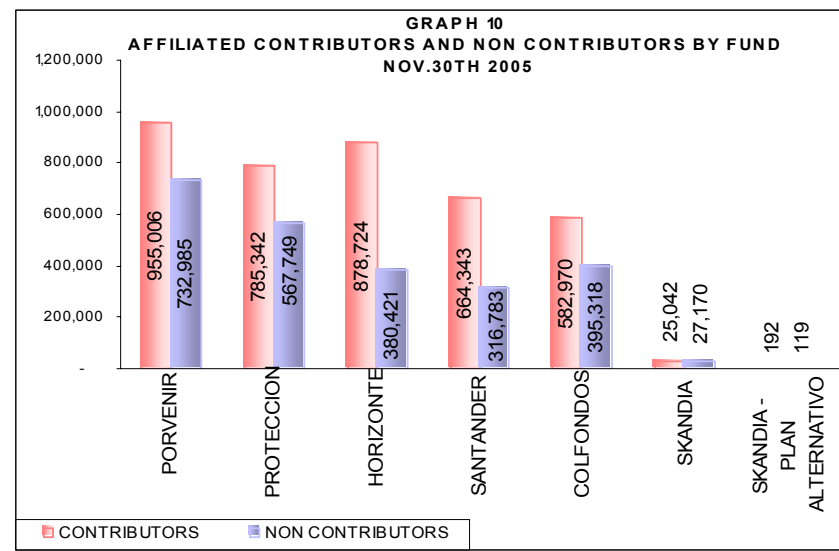
The number of affiliated with the regime of individual saving with solidarity to the 30 of November of 2005 ascended to 6.312.164, with an increase of the 0.7%, that is to say, 46.837 affiliated as opposed to the number reported to the 31 of October. (Graph 8).



Of the total of affiliated with the funds of mandatory pension funds, the 50.8% correspond to affiliated active, that is to say, 3,203,457 and the 49.2%, that is 3,108,707 to affiliated inactive. The inactive affiliated ones are those that have not carried out quotations in at least last six months (graph 9).



Of the total of affiliated with the Regime of Individual Saving the 61.7% it corresponds to noncontributors, is to say to 3,891,619 and the 38.3%, that is 2,420,545, to contributors (graph 10). It is understood like noncontributor to those affiliated nonpensioners, who for some reason, by them did not take place the obligatory quotation during the month for which he is reported.



Of the total number of affiliated with the funds of mandatory pension funds, the 85,3% happen less than two minimum wages, the 9,3% perceive income between two and four minimum wages and the 5,4% win more than four minimum wages.

The 56,4% of the affiliated ones oscillate between the 15 and 34 years old, of which, in this segment, the 56% are men and the 44% women.

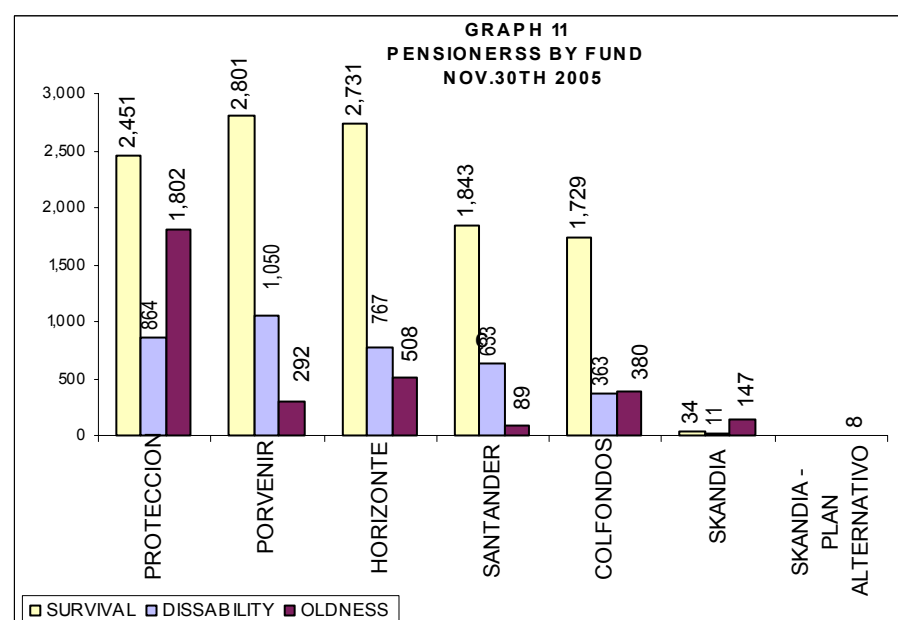
The 96,2% of the total number of affiliated with the system correspond to workers with labor bond and the 3,8% to independent workers.

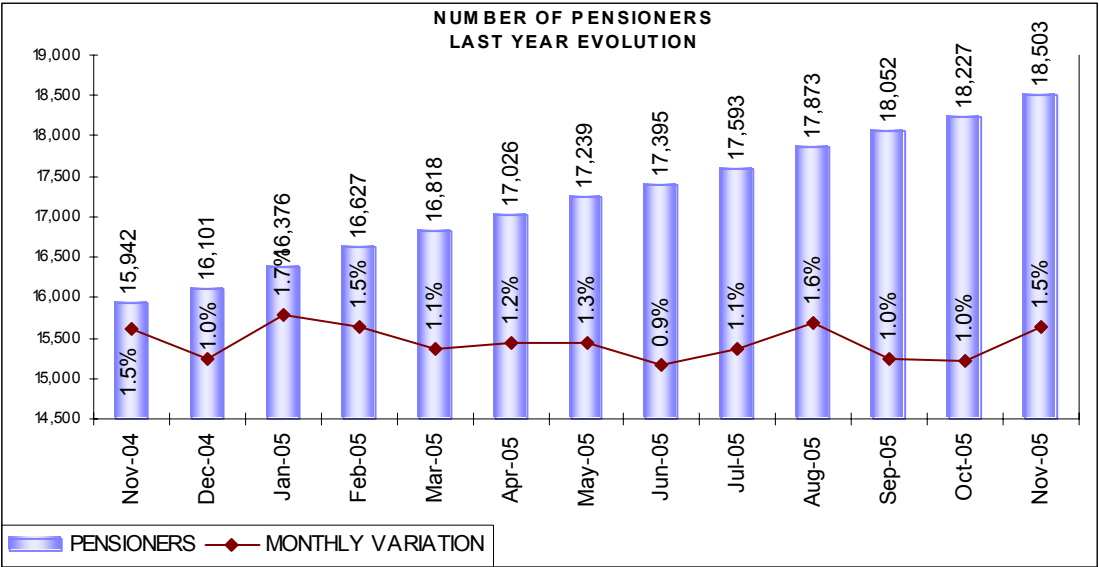
As far as the origin of the affiliated ones, it is important to write down that the 60,2% correspond to people who entered to the system, 28,7% come from the Pay As You Go regime, the 10,1% to transfers between AFPs and the 1% come from the Government social security funds (Chart 1.2).

### 1.5 PENSIONERS

To the 30 of November of 2005 the Regime of individual saving with solidarity counts on 18.503 pensioners, 11.589 by sobreexperience, 3.688 by dissability and 3.226 by oldness (graph 11).

The 48,3% of the pensioners, are to say 8.943, have decided on the modality of programmed retiree's pension; the 51,7%, 9.558 pensioners, by the one of immediate life rent and 2 pensioners by the one of retirement programmed with deferred life rent (Chart 1.3).

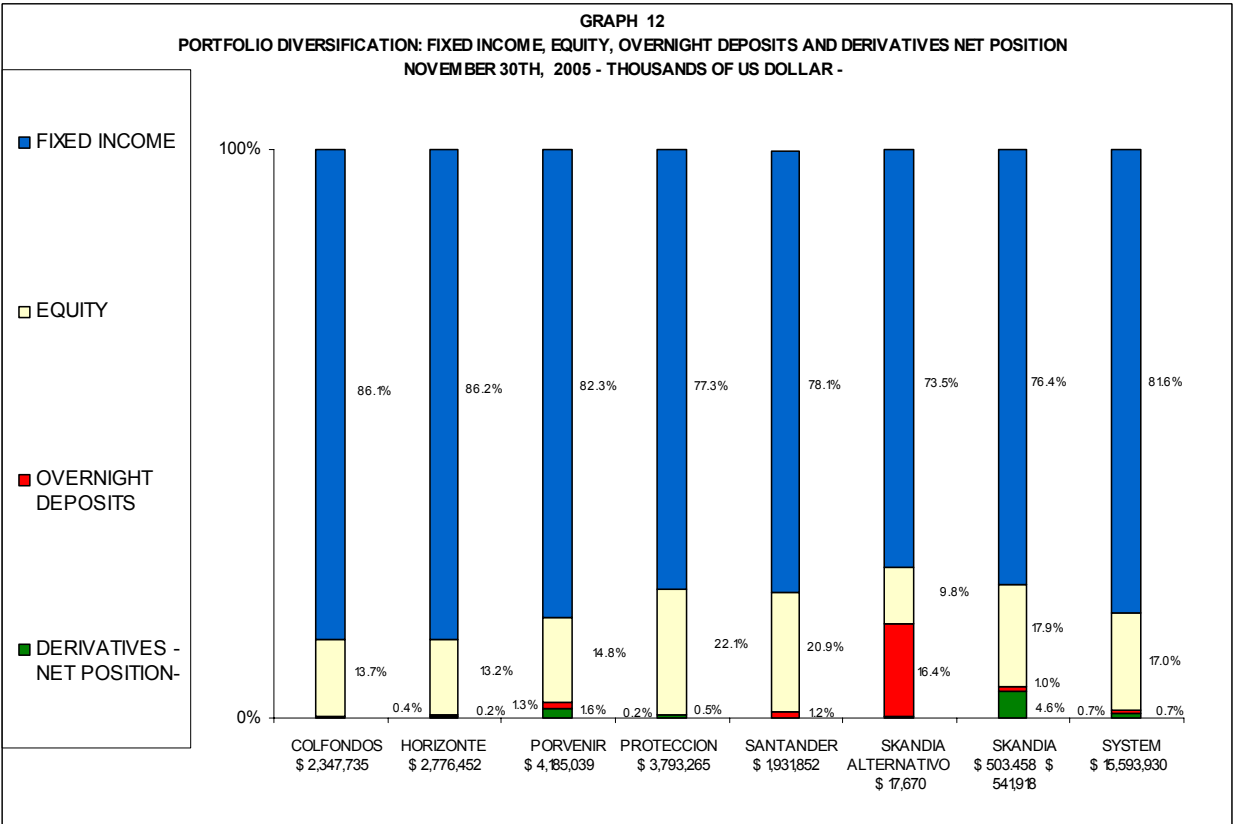


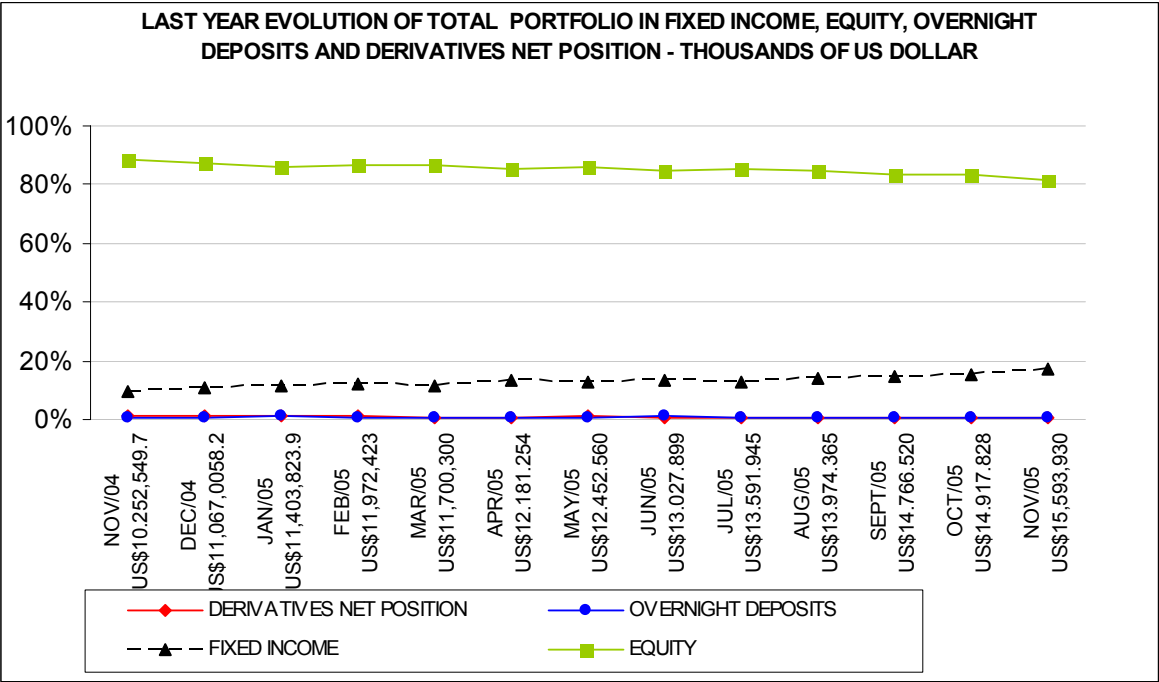


1.6 INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

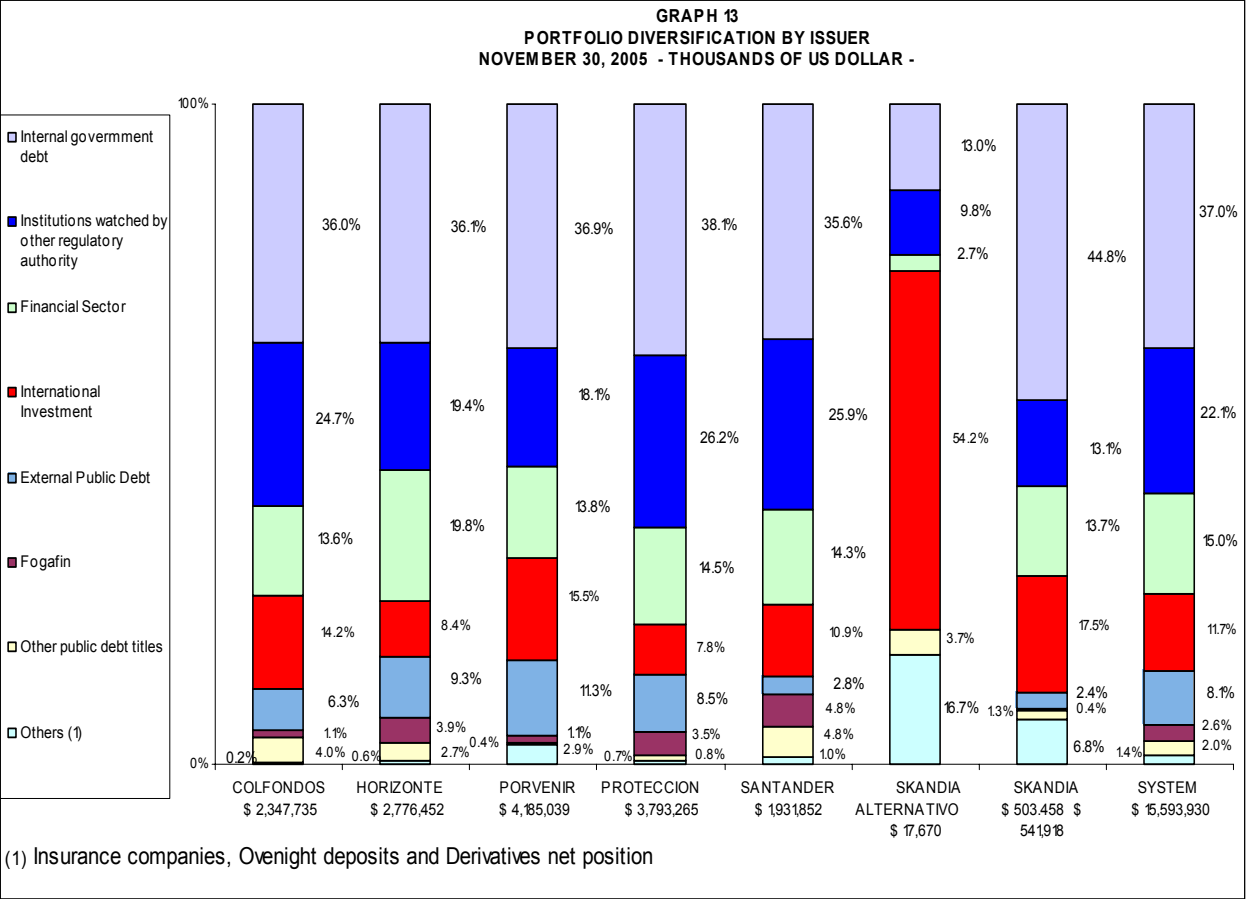
The value of portfolio of Mandatory Pension Funds at the end of November 30, 2005 promoted to USD\$ 15,593,9 millions, increasing in 4.5% the value registered to the closing of the previous month, date in which was of USD\$ 14.917.8 millions.

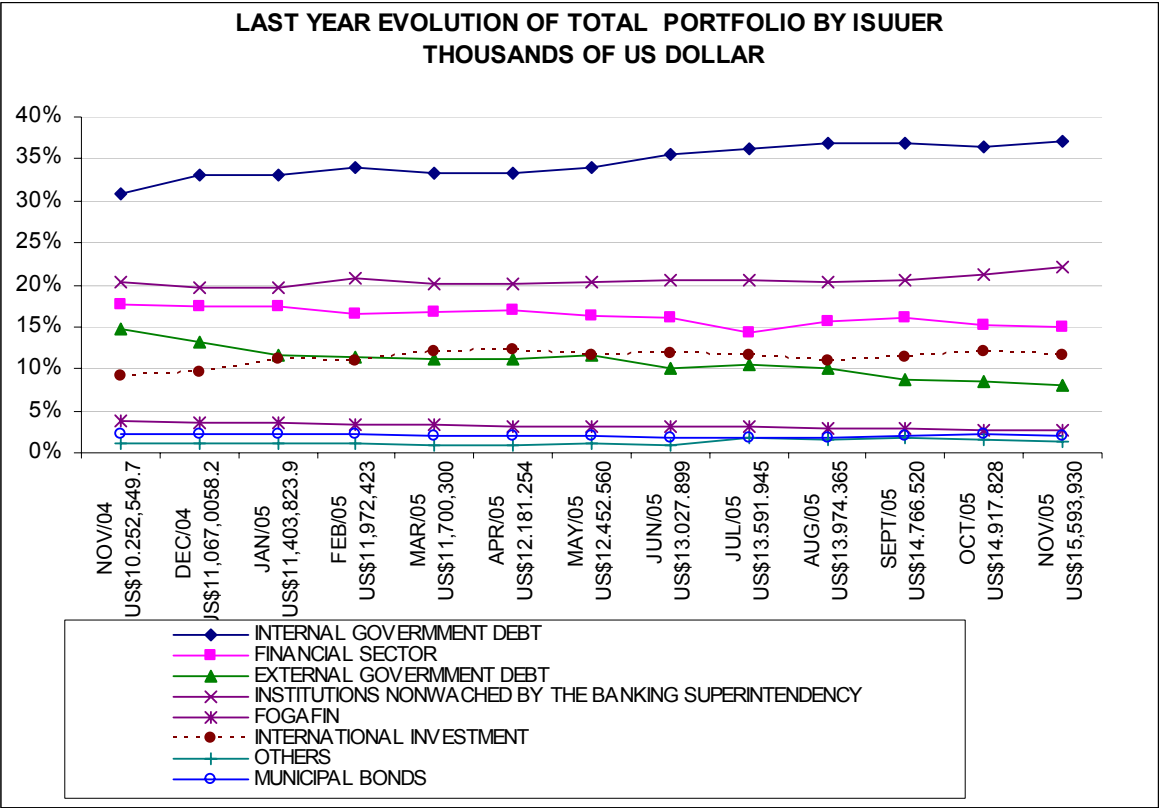
To the closing of November 2005, 81.6% of portfolio of the mentioned funds, that is to say, USD\$12,728,2 millions correspond to investments of fixed income; the 17.0%, USD\$2,647,3 million, to investments in equity; the 0.67%, USD\$ 104,8 million, to overnight deposits and the 0.73%, USD\$113,6 million, to the net position in derivatives (right less obligations) (Graph 12 and Chart 1.4).



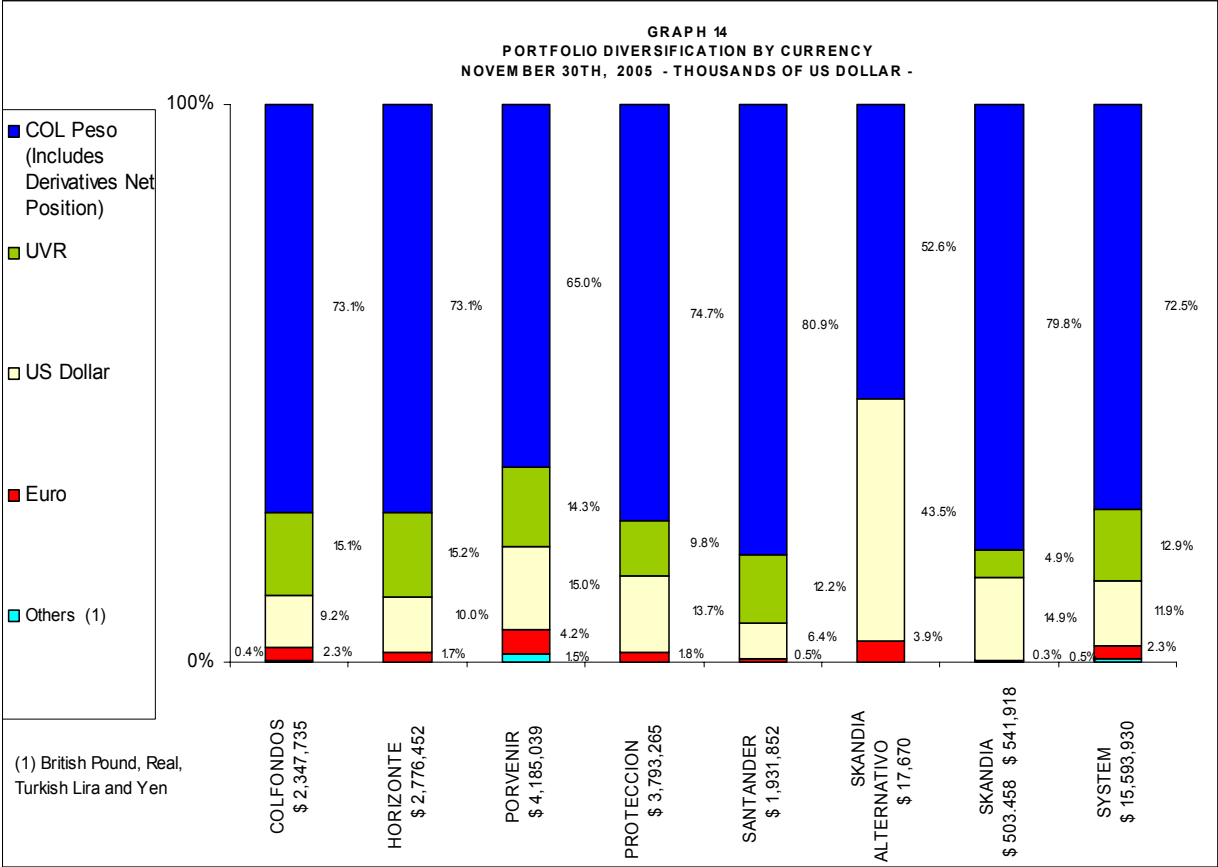


Investment in public debt continues being the most significant in these funds. At November 30, 2005 these investment represented the 47.1% of the value of the total of portfolio (national debt commits the 37.0%, external national debt 8.1% and territorial organizations and decentralized entities 2.0%), followed of the titles emitted by institutions watched by other regulatory authority with 22.1% and titles emitted by financial institutions that counted on a participation of the 15.0% (Graph 13 Chart 1.4 ).

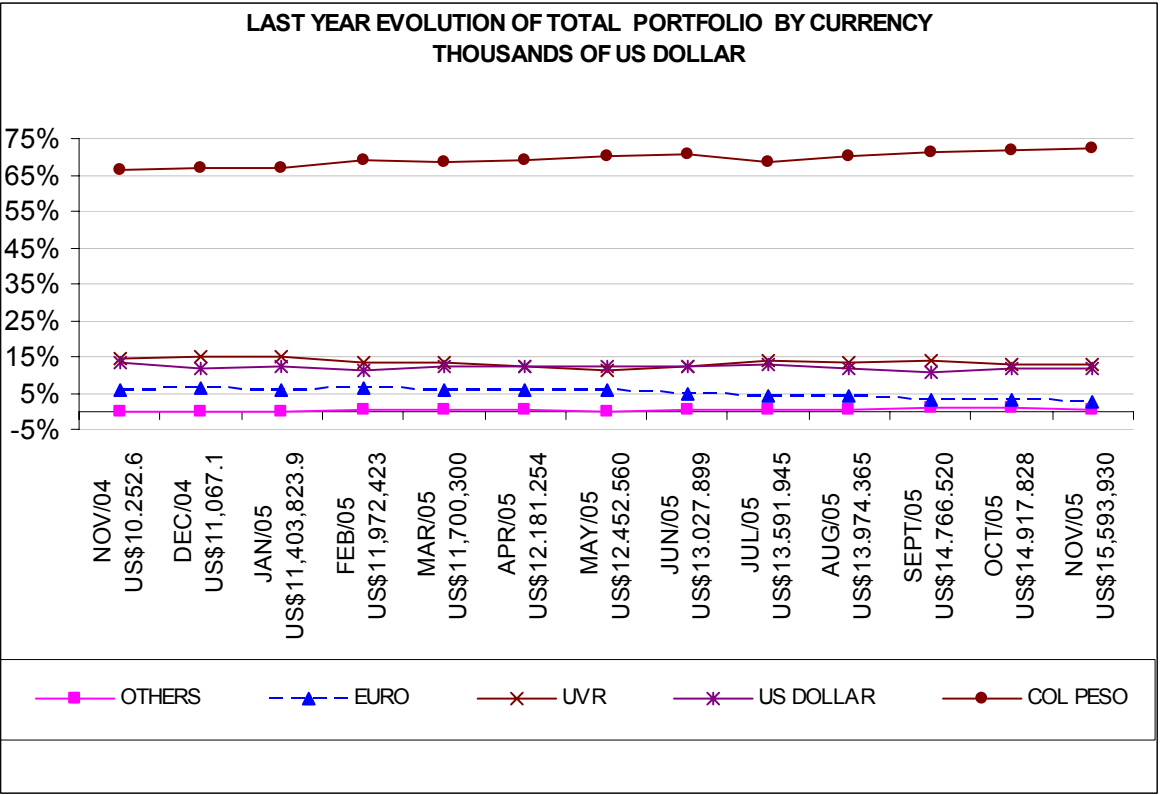




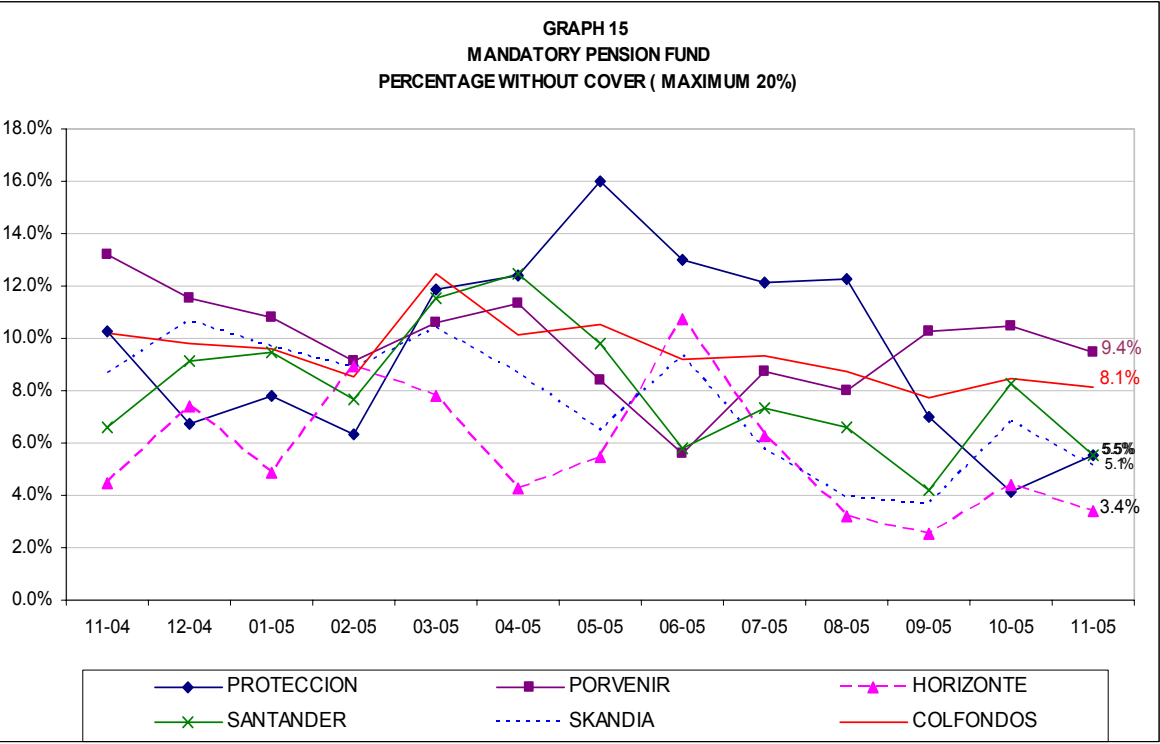
The 72.5% of portfolio mention before is denominated in Colombian pesos, the 12.9% in UVR, the 11.9% in US Dollar, the 2.3% in euros and rest 0.5% in British Pound, Real, and Yen. (Graph 14).



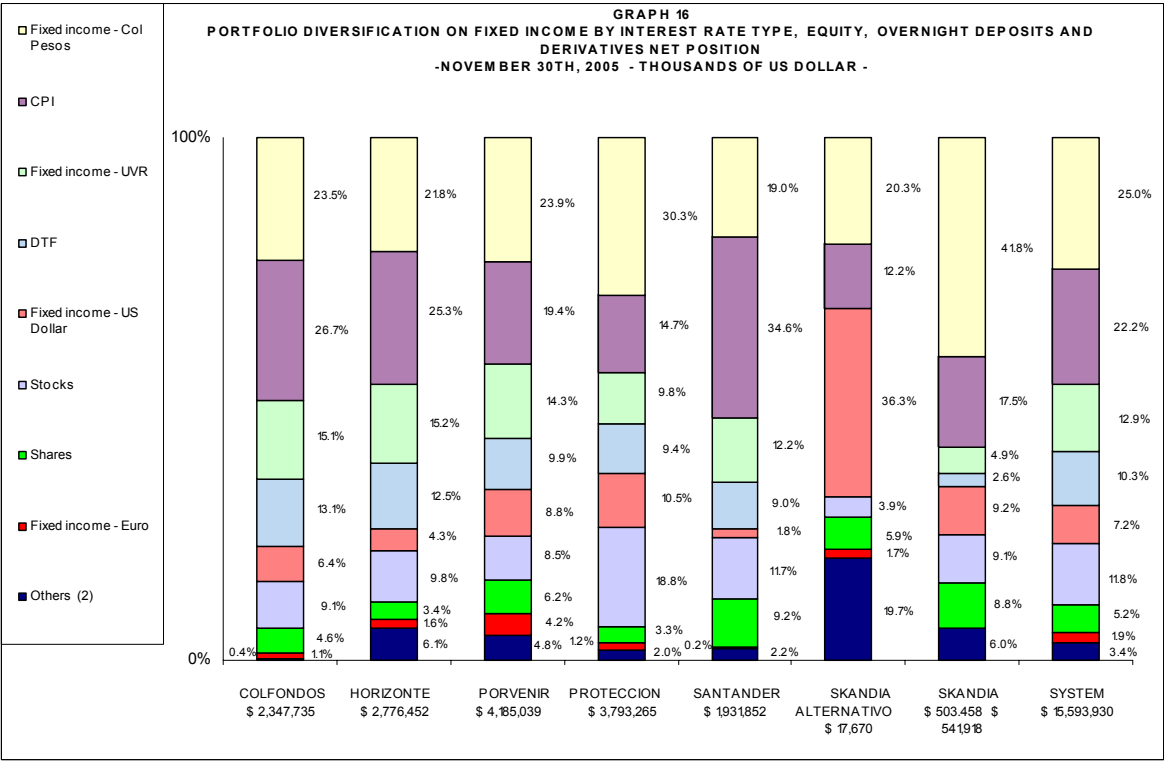




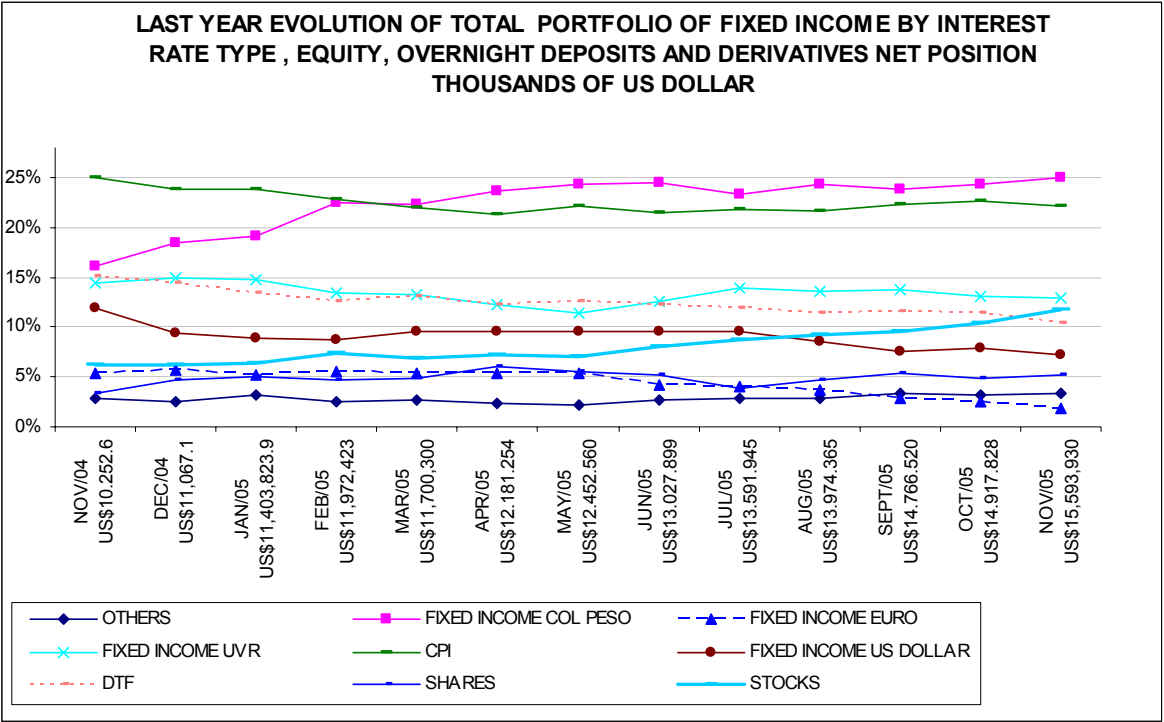
Concerning the foreing currency position, it is observed that 54.9% of this position is covered from the exchange rate fluctuation risk. Uncovered portion represents the 6.6% of the total value of the funds (Graph 15 and Chart 4).



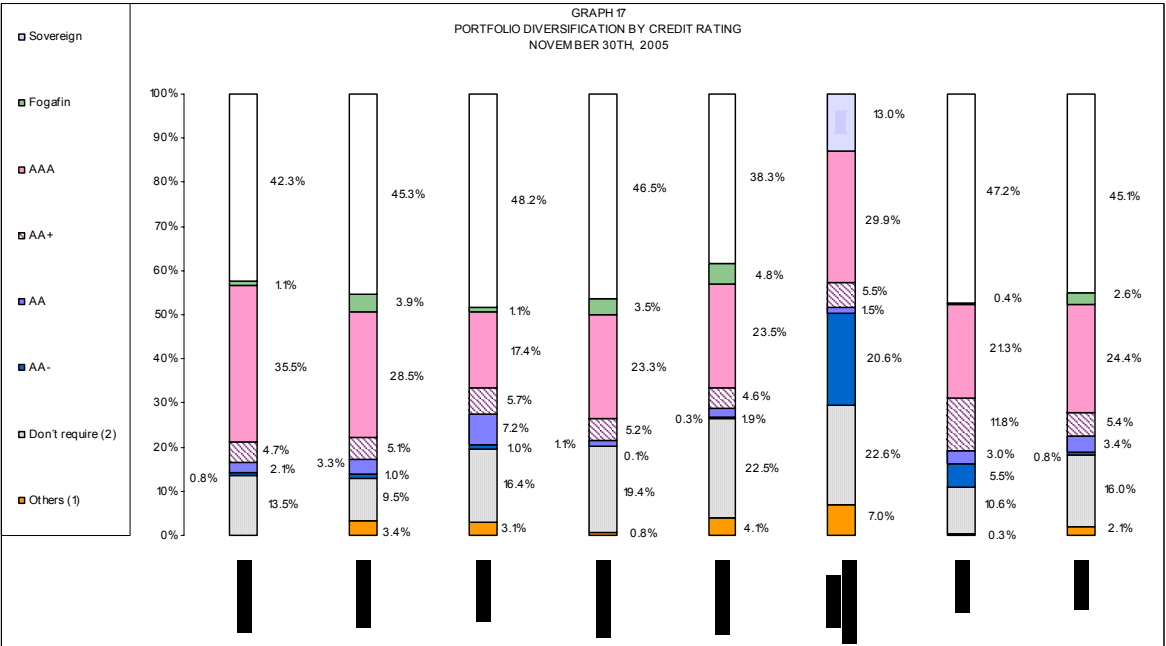
Of another part, the 25.0% of portfolio is invested in fixed income issues denominated in colombian peso, 22.2% indexed to CPI issues, the 12.9% to fixed income in UVR, the 10.3% to the DTF, the 11.8% of portfolio is invested in stocks, 7.2% to fixed income in US Dollar, 5.2% in Shares (Derived from securitizacion processes, Mutual Funds, Unit trust funds and Index Fund), the 1.9% to fixed income in euros and rest 3.4% are titles indexed to fixed income in British Pound and Real from Brazil, the variation of the UVR, CPI middle income, Libor Overnight Deposits and net position in derivatives. (Graph 16 and Chart 1.5).



(1) Securitization, Mutual Funds, Index Funds, Unit Trust Funds  
(2) Fixed income in British Pound, Real from Brazil, Yen, Floating UVR, CPI Middle income, Overnight Deposits and Derivatives net position



As far as the classification of portfolio by credit risk, it is observed that the 45.1% are titles emitted by the Nation, the 24.4% are investments with qualification AAA, the 5.4% AA+, the 3.4% AA, the 2.6% are titles emitted by the Fogafin, the 0.8% AA -, the 16% are investments that do not require qualification and rest 2.1% corresponds to titles with A+ A, 1+, 1, BBB, BBB-, BB+,B, B-, E and Titles of emitters in Liquidation (graph17)



Source: INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY AFP'S

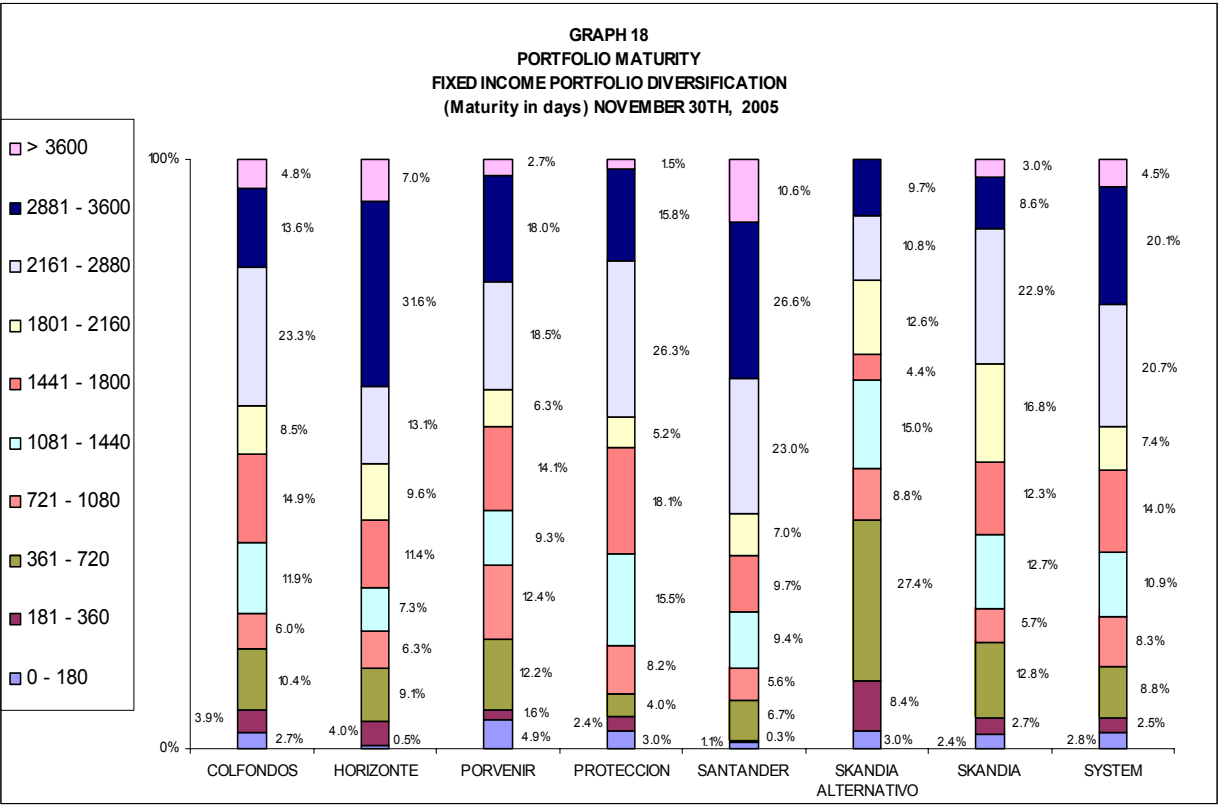
1) Securities with A+, A, A-, 1+, 1, BBB+, BBB, BBB -, BB-, B, B-, D, Securities Titles of issuers in Liquidation

(2) Investments: Unit Trust Funds, Mutual Fund, Index Fund and Stocks

Note 1: For effects to establish the percentage, the total value of portafolio considers excluded the net position in derivatives

Note 2: For the titles with provision the net value of purchase was taken from amortizations of capital

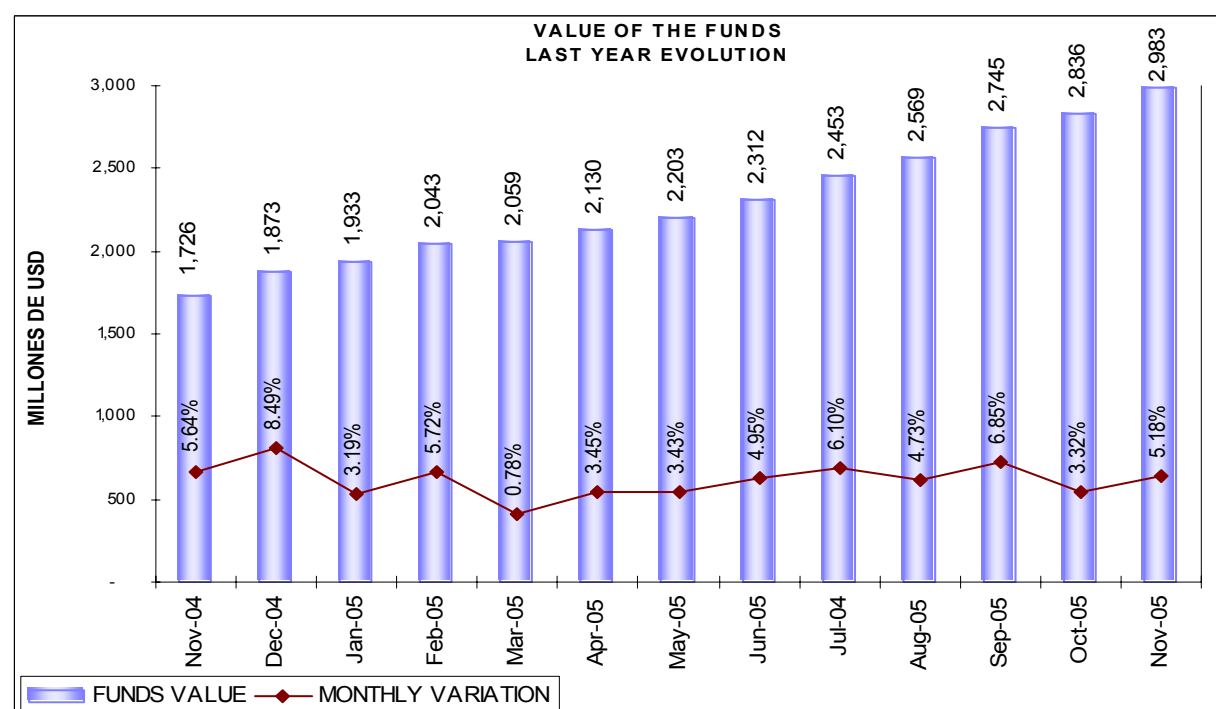
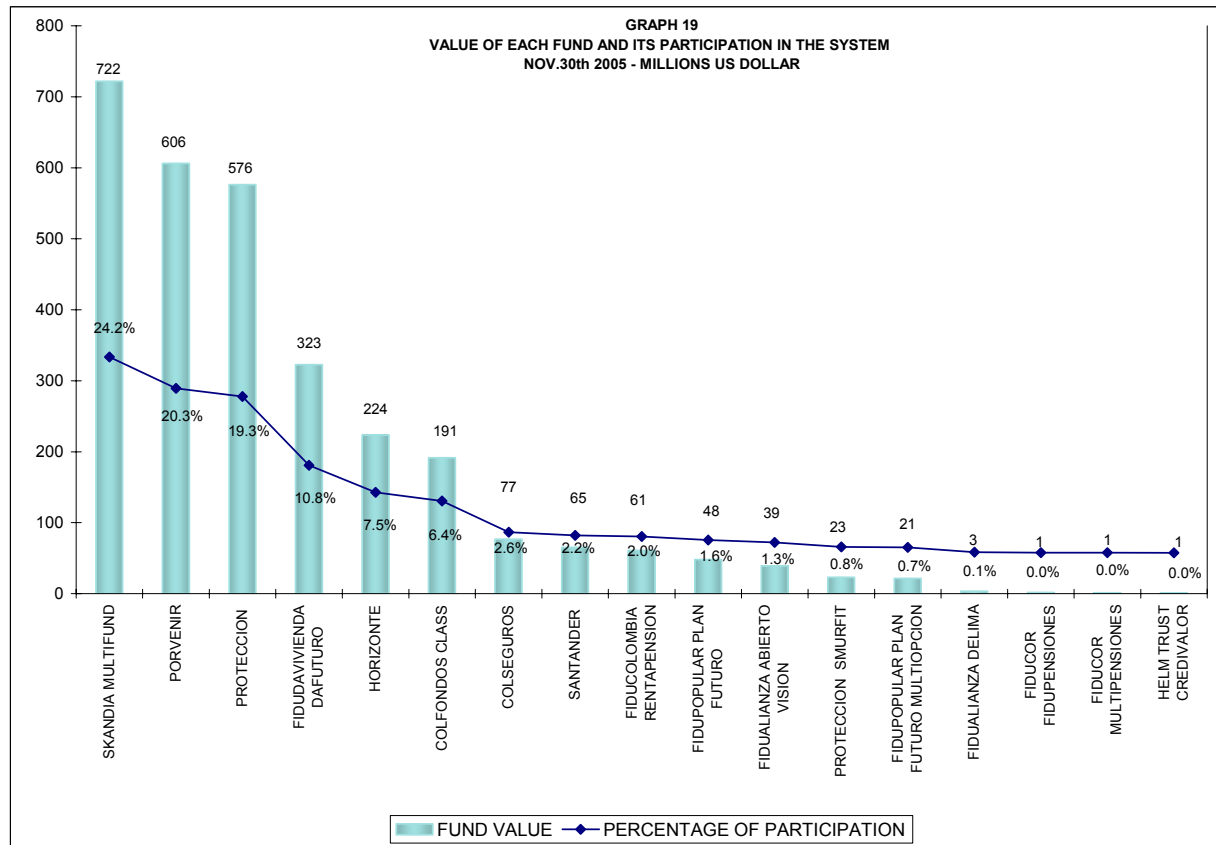
Finally, it is possible to write down that 2.8% of portfolio of fixed income have an inferior maturity to 180 days, the 2.5% between 181 and 360 days, the 8.8% between 361 and 720 days, the 8.3% between 721 and 1080 days, the 10.9% between 1081 and 1440 days, the 14.0% between 1441 and 1800 days, the 7.4% between 1801 and 2160 days, the 20.7% between 2161 and 2880 days, 20.1% between 2881 and 3600 days and the 4.5% have a maturity superior to 10 years (Graph 18 and Chart 1.6).



## 2. VOLUNTARY PENSIONS FUNDS

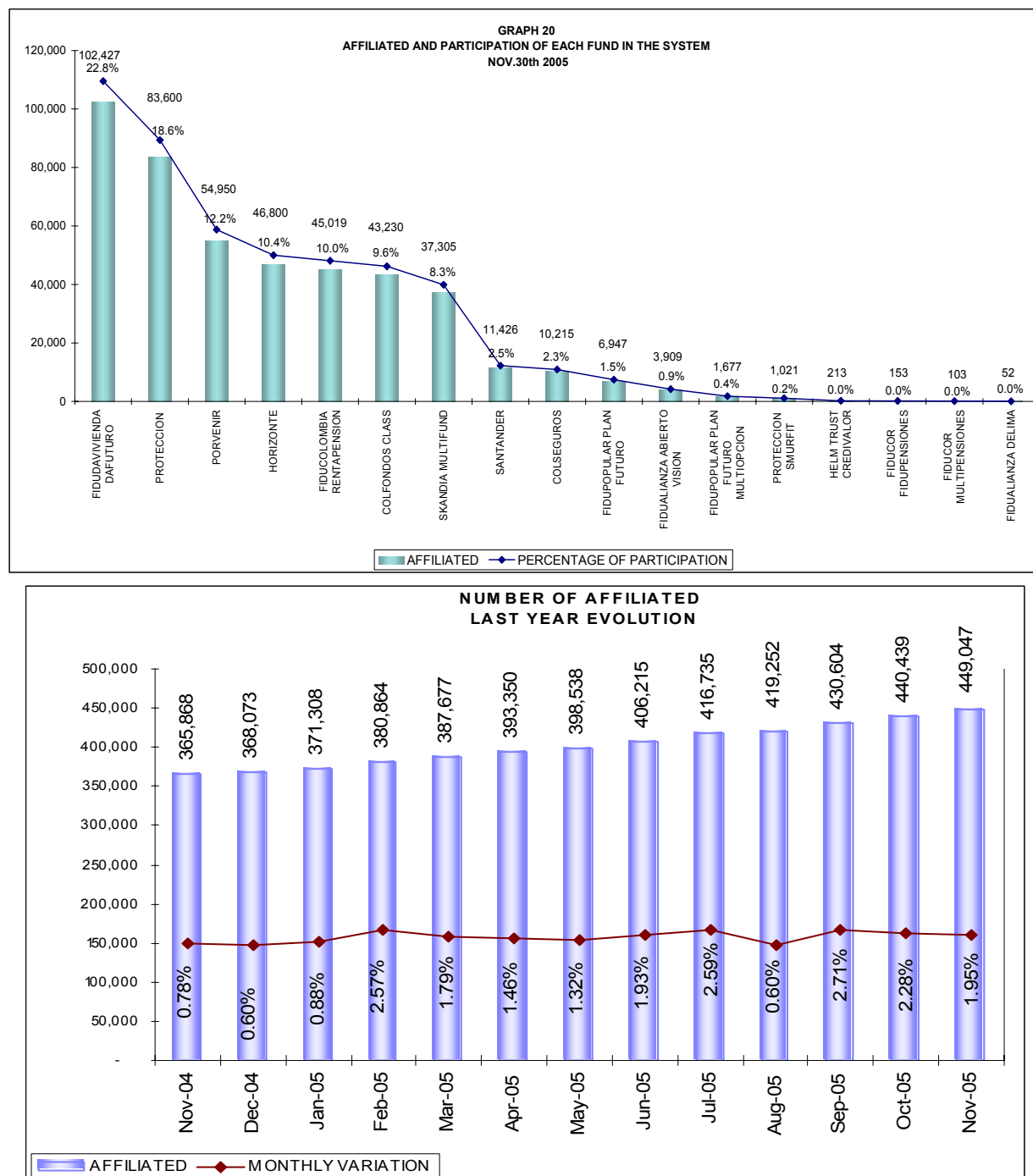
### 2.1 VALUE OF THE FUNDS

The total value of the voluntary pensions funds administered by the societies administrators of funds of pensions, fiduciary societies and insurance agencies to the 30 of November of 2005, reached the sum of USD 2.9 billions, 5.2% surpassing one to the registered value to the 31 of October (graph 19).



## 2.2 AFFILIATED

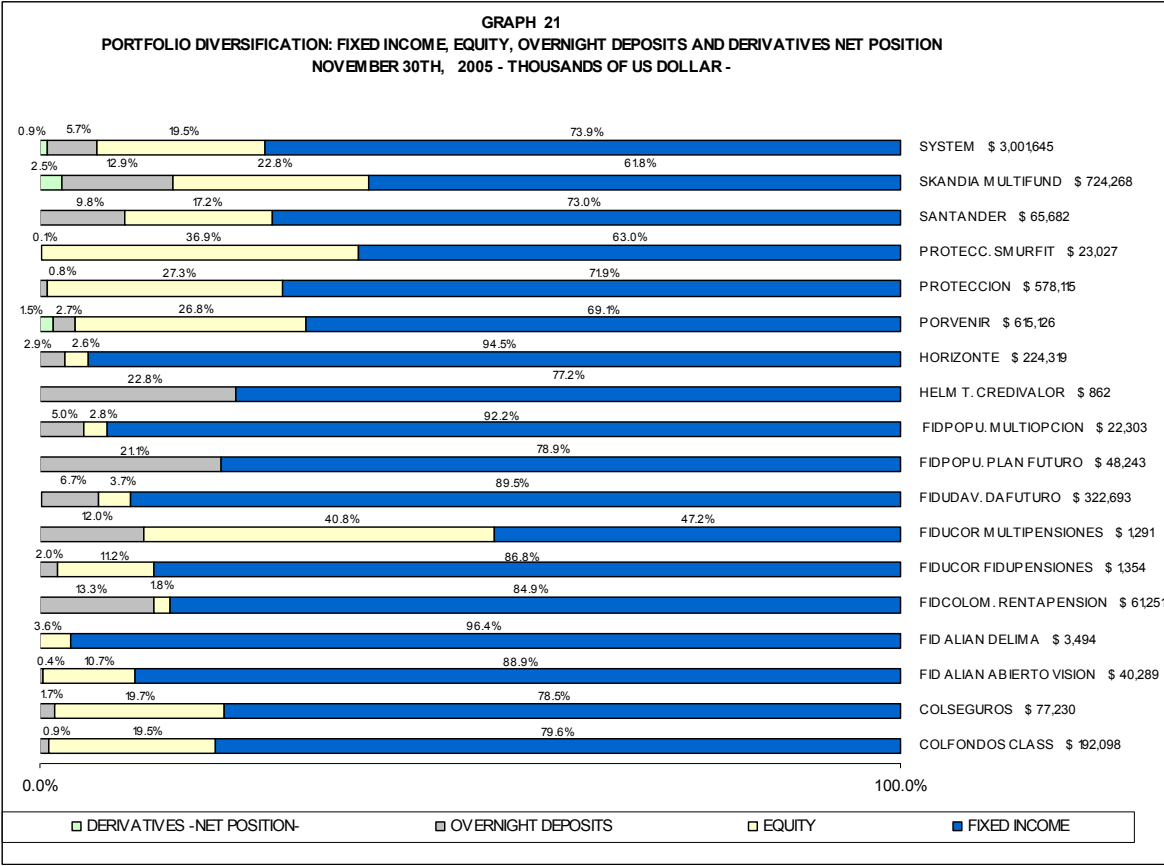
The number of affiliated with the voluntary pensions funds administered by the societies administrators of funds of pensions, fiduciary societies and insurance agencies to the 30 of November of 2005 ascended to 449.047, displaying an increase of 8.608 affiliated, a 2% as opposed to the number reported to the closing of the previous month (graph 20).



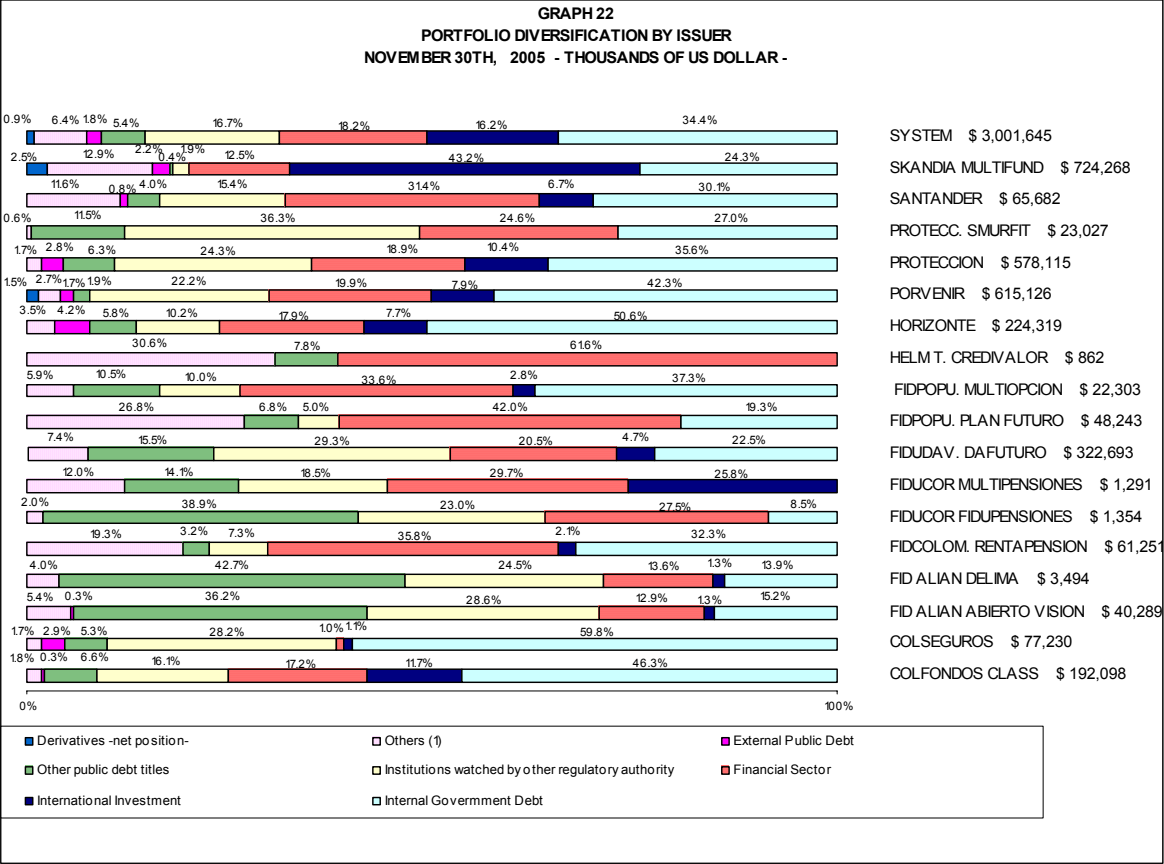
## 2.3 INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

The value of portfolio of the voluntary pensions funds managed by the pensions funds and unemployment funds managers, fiduciary entities and insurance companies at November 30, 2005 promoted to USD\$ 3,001,6 million, increasing in a 5.6% value registered to the closing of the previous month, date in which was of USD \$ 2.843.0 million.

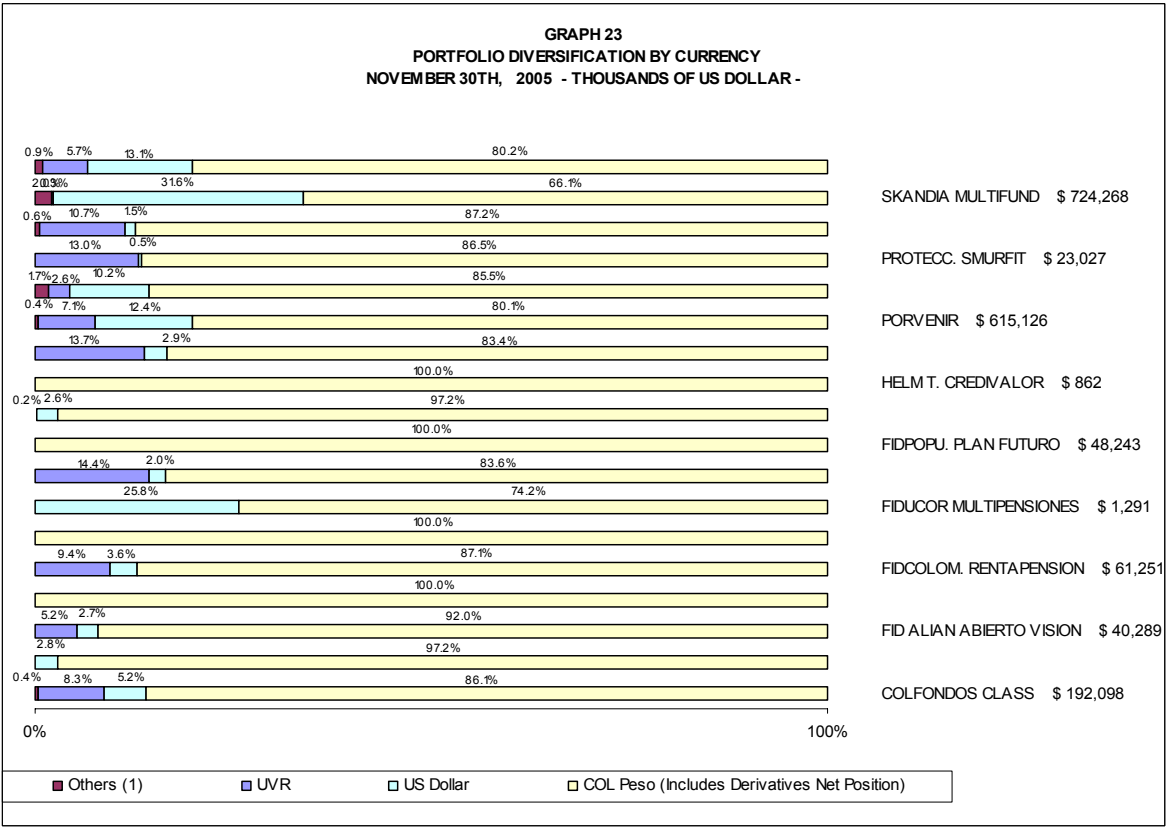
At the end of November 2005, 73.9% of portfolio of the these funds, USD\$2,217,268 millions corresponds to fixed income investments; 19.5%, USD\$ 584,5 millions to investments in equity; 5.7%, \$172,0 millions dollars to overnight deposits and 0.9%, \$27,8 millions dollars to net position in derivatives. (Graph 21 and Chart 2.1.1).



Debt public investment is the most significant investment portfolio of these funds. At November 30 2005 these investments represented 41.6% of the total value of portfolio (national debt commits 34.4%, external national debt 1.8% and territorial organizations and decentralized entities 5.4%), followed by bonds issued by financial institutions with the 18.2%, the external investments with 16.2%, and issues by of institutions watched by other regulatory authority with the 16.7% (Graph 22 and Chart 2.1.1).

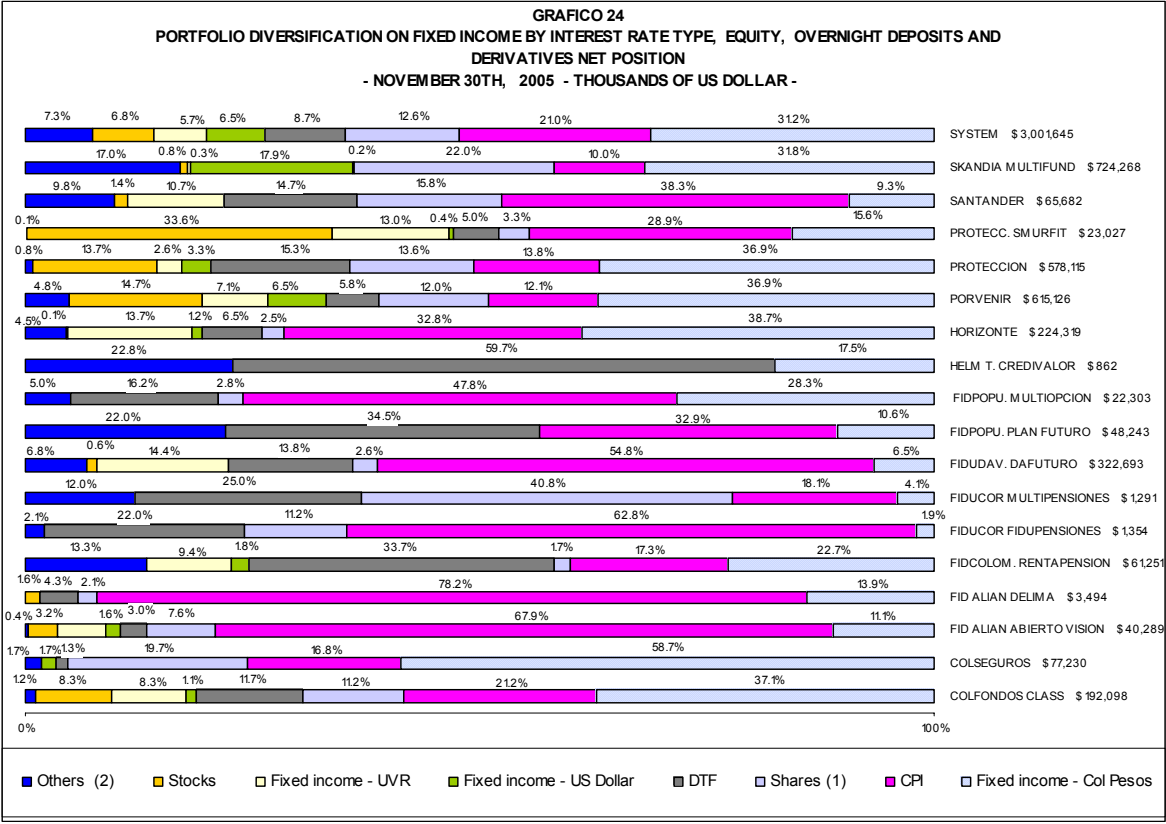


The 80.2% of portfolio mention before is denominated in Colombian pesos, the 13.1% in US dollars, the 5.7% in UVR, 0.7% in euros and the rest 0.3% in british pound, yen, and Singapore dollar(Graph 23).

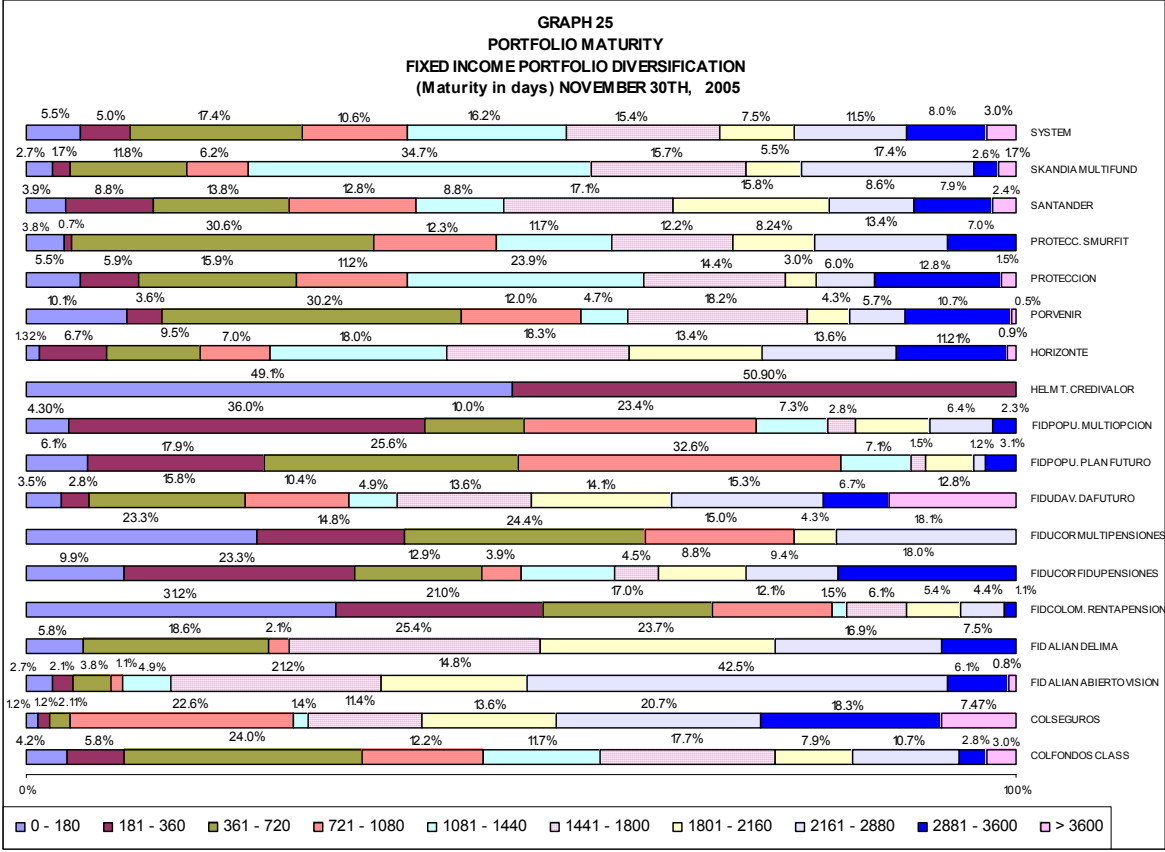


Concerning the foreign currency position, it is observed that 46.6% of this position is covered from the exchange rate fluctuation risk. Uncovered portion represents 7.5% of the total value of the funds (Chart 4).

On the other hand, the 31.2% of the portfolio is invested in fixed income issues denominated in Colombian pesos, the 21.0% indexed to CPI, 12.6% in Shares (Derived from securitization processes, Mutual Funds, unit trust funds, and Indexed Funds), the 8.7% to the DTF, 6.5% in fixed income indexed denominated in US Dollar, the 5.7% to fixed income in UVR, the 6.8% of portfolio is invested in stocks and the rest 7.3% are fixed income issues denominated in euro, British pound, Singapore dollar, Real and titles indexed to CPI middle income, to Libor, the variation of the UVR, overnight deposits and net position in derivatives.(Graph 24 and Chart 2.1.2).



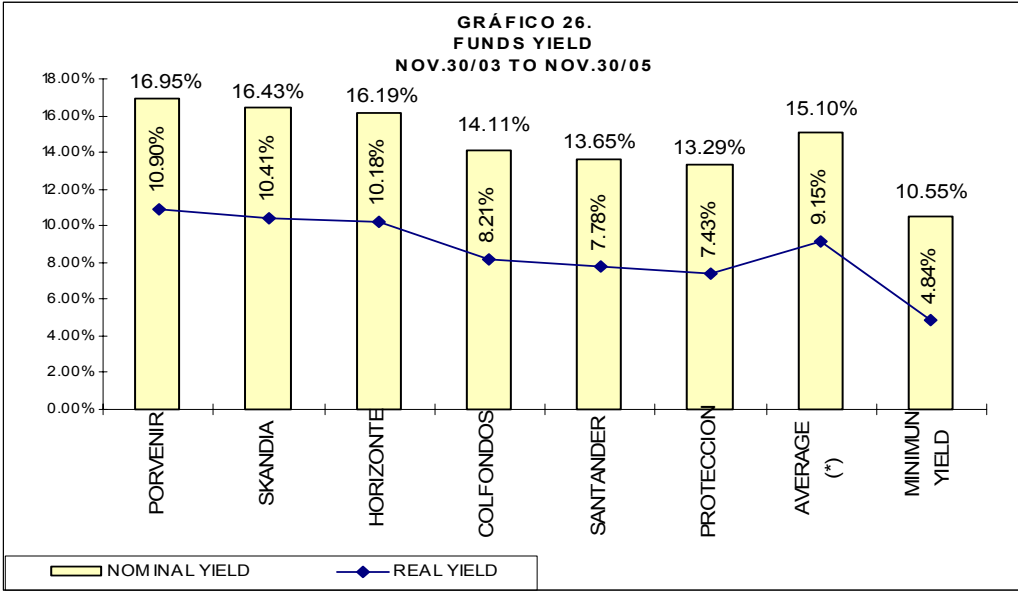
Of another part, the 5.5% of portfolio of fixed income have an inferior maturity to 180 days, 5.0% between 181 and 360 days, 17.4% between 361 and 720 days, 10.6% between 721 and 1080 days, 16.2% between 1081 and 1440 days, 15.4% between 1441 and 1800 days, 7.5% between 1801 and 2160 days, 11.5% between 2161 and 2880 days, 8.0% between 2881 and 3600 days and the 3.0% have a maturity superior to 10 years (Graph 25 and Chart 2.1.3).



3. UNEMPLOYMENT FUNDS

3.1 YIELD

During the period November 30 of 2003 to November 30 of 2005, the funds obtained a yield average of the 15.10% cash annual, equivalent to a real yield of the 9.15%. It is important to emphasize that these yields oscillated between the 13.29% and the 16.95% (graph 26).



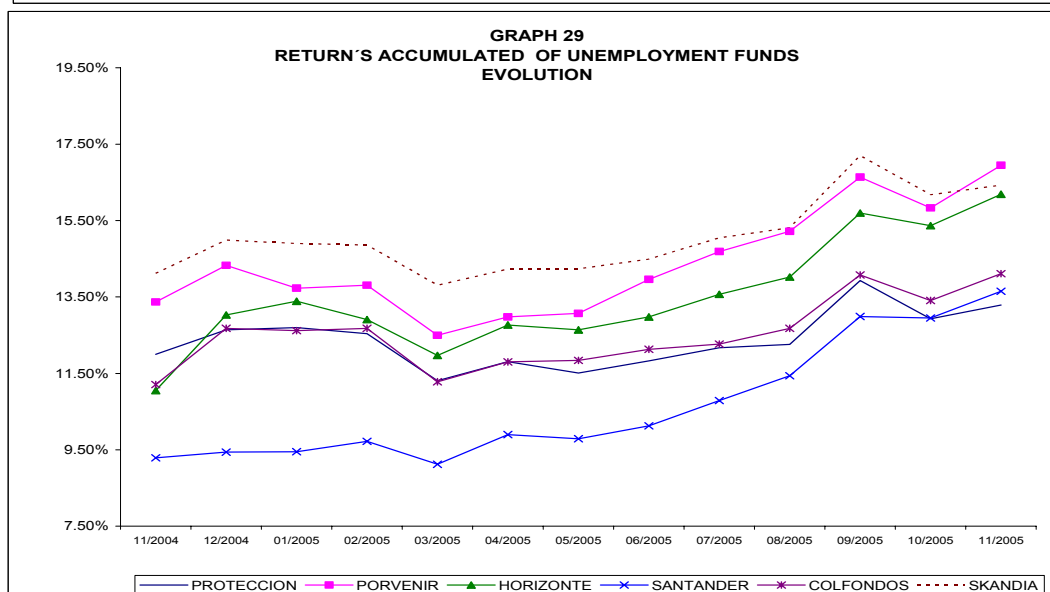
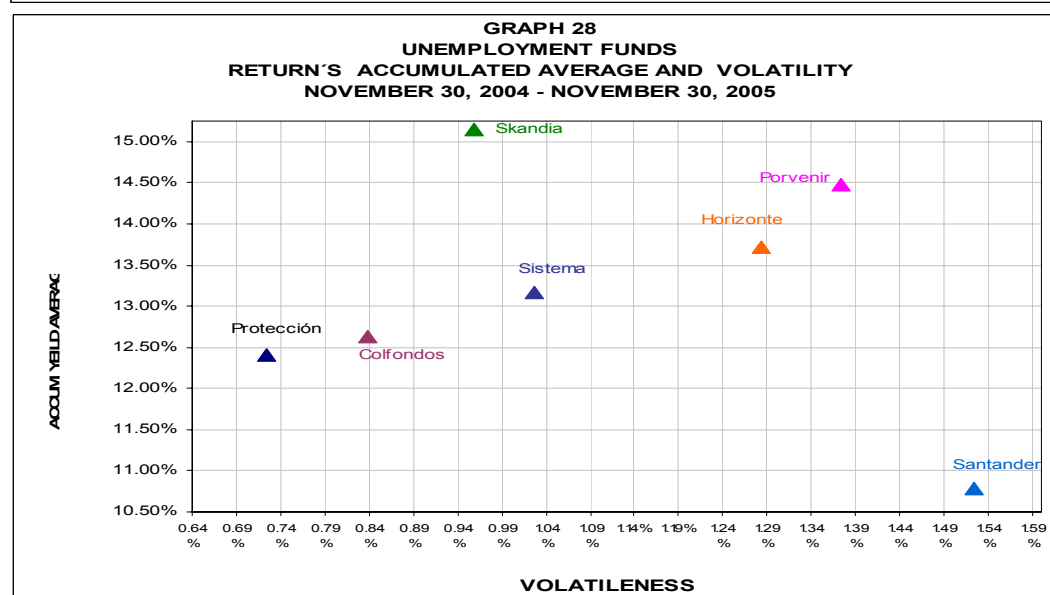
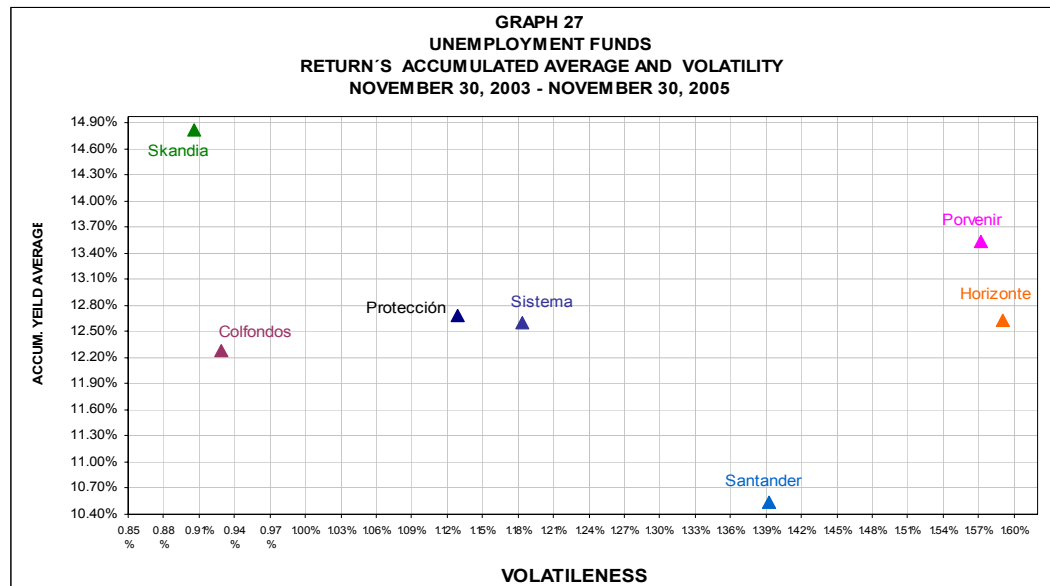
(\*) Weighted by the balance daily average of the patrimony

The obligatory minimum yield certified by the Superintendency of Banks of Colombia for the mentioned period was of the 10.55% annual cash. In average, the funds surpassed in 4.55 percentage points this minimum yield.



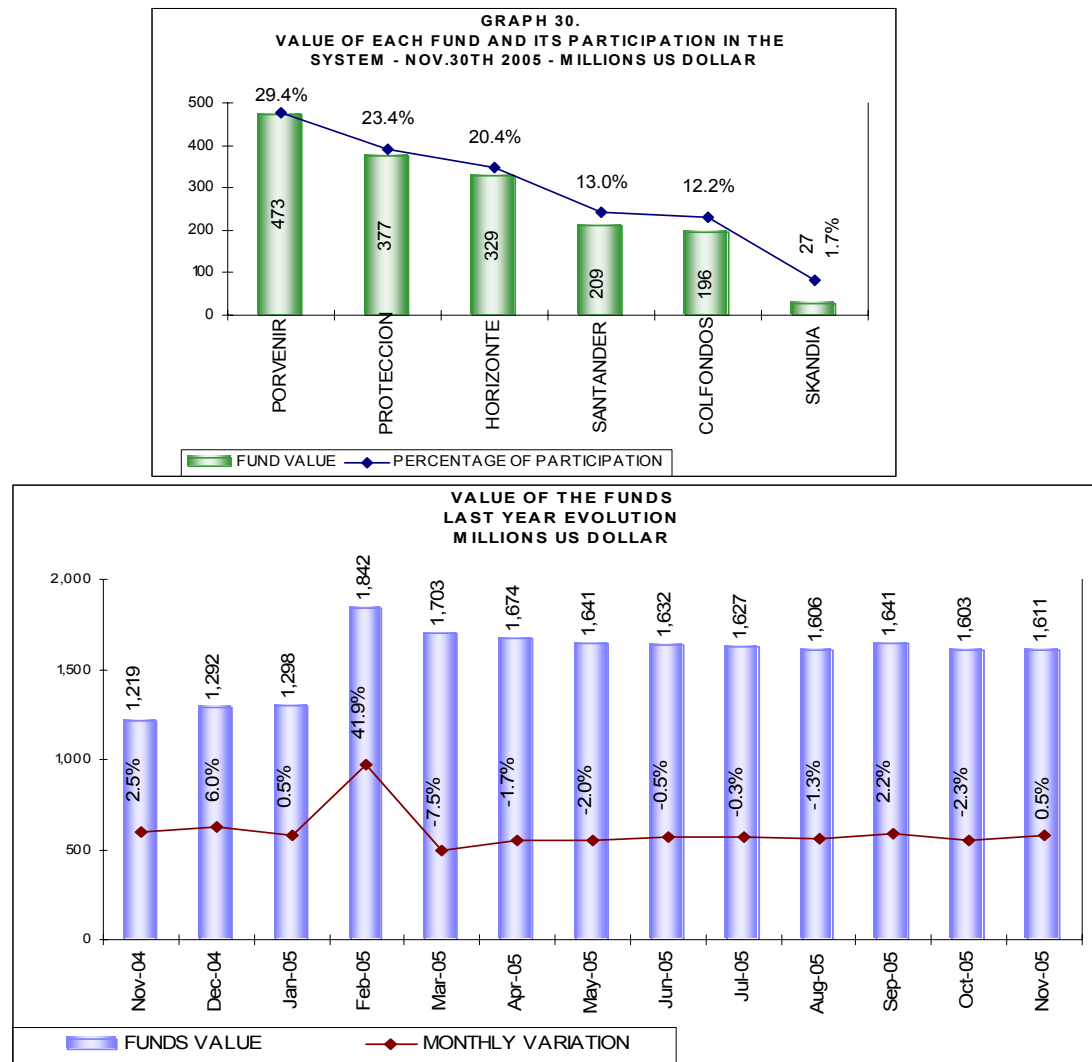
### 3.2 VOLATILITY AND EVOLUTION YIELDS

The average of the calculated accumulated yields during the last twenty-four months of the unemployment funds was 12.60% of annual cash and its volatility (standard deviation) of the 1.18%. This average for the last year was of the 13.16%, with a volatility of the 1.03%, the yield average and its volatility of each one of the funds during the mentioned periods is reflected in graphs 27, 28 and 29.



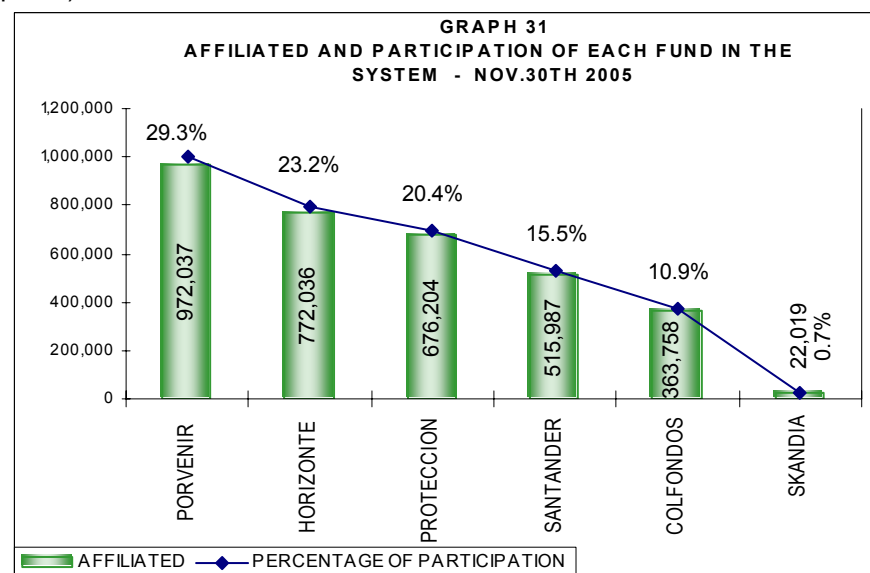
### 3.3 VALUE OF THE FUNDS

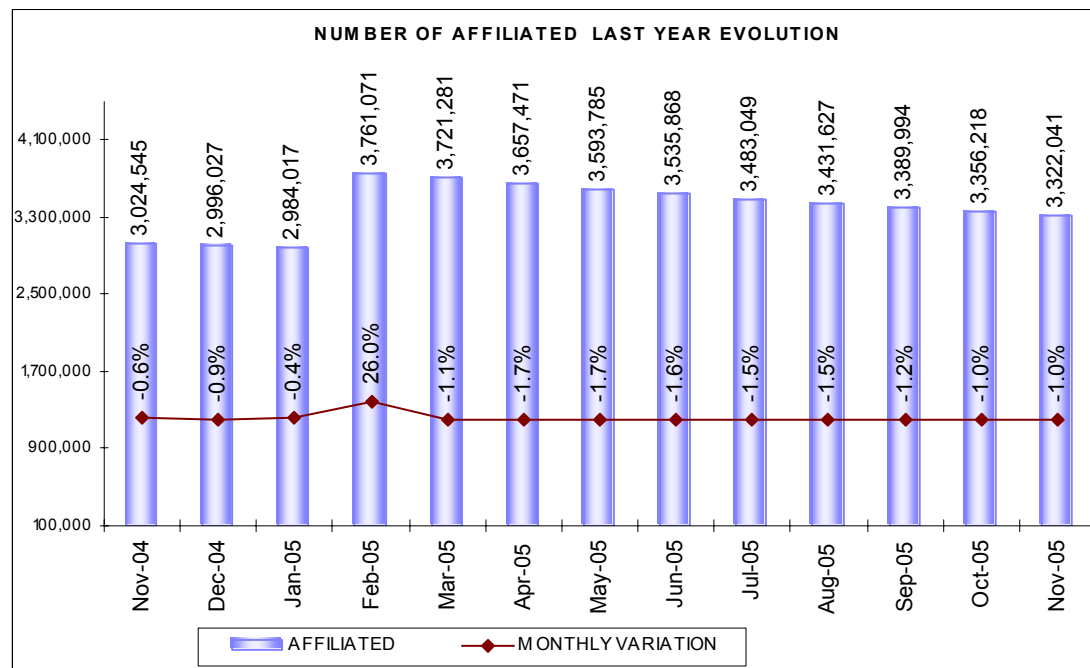
The funds reached to the 30 of November of 2005 a value of \$1.6 billions, a 0.5% superior one to the registered value to the 31 of October, that is to say, \$8 millions (graph 30).



### 3.4 AFFILIATED

The number of affiliated with the funds on the 30 of November of 2005 was 3.322.041, displaying an inferior of the 1%, that is to say, 34.177 affiliated as opposed to the number reported to the 31 of October. (Graph 31).



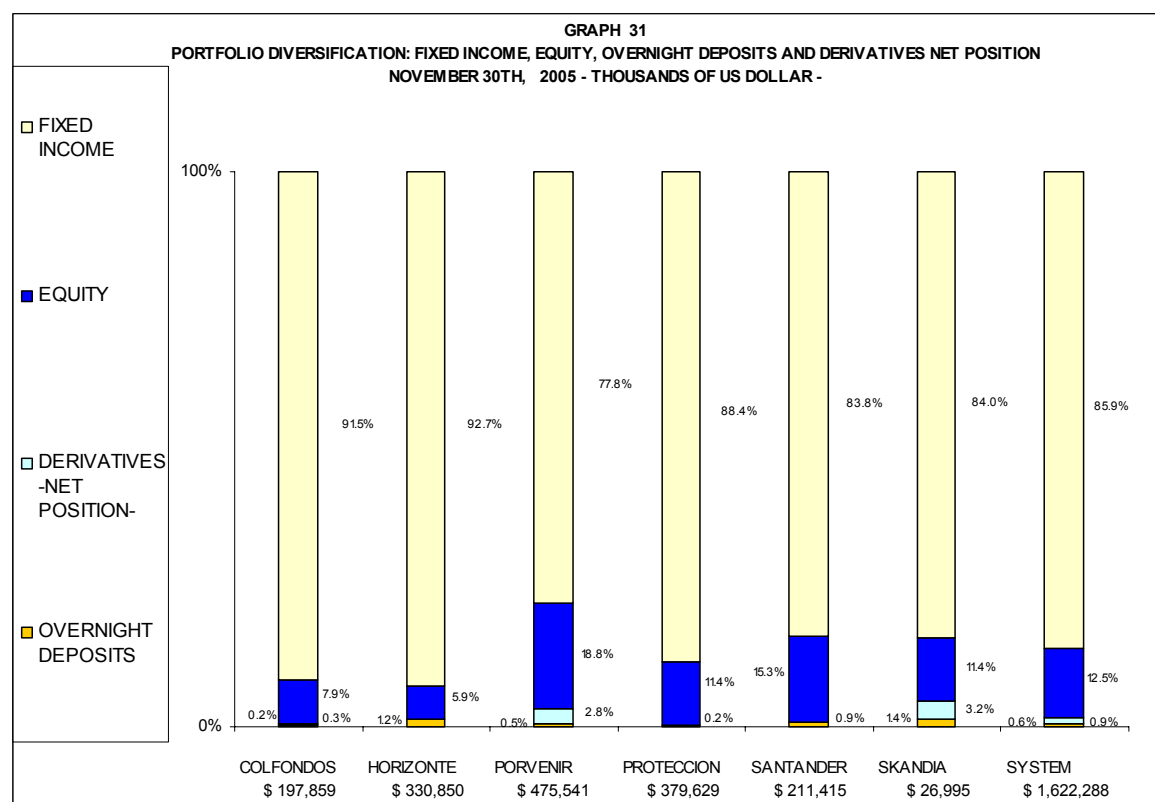


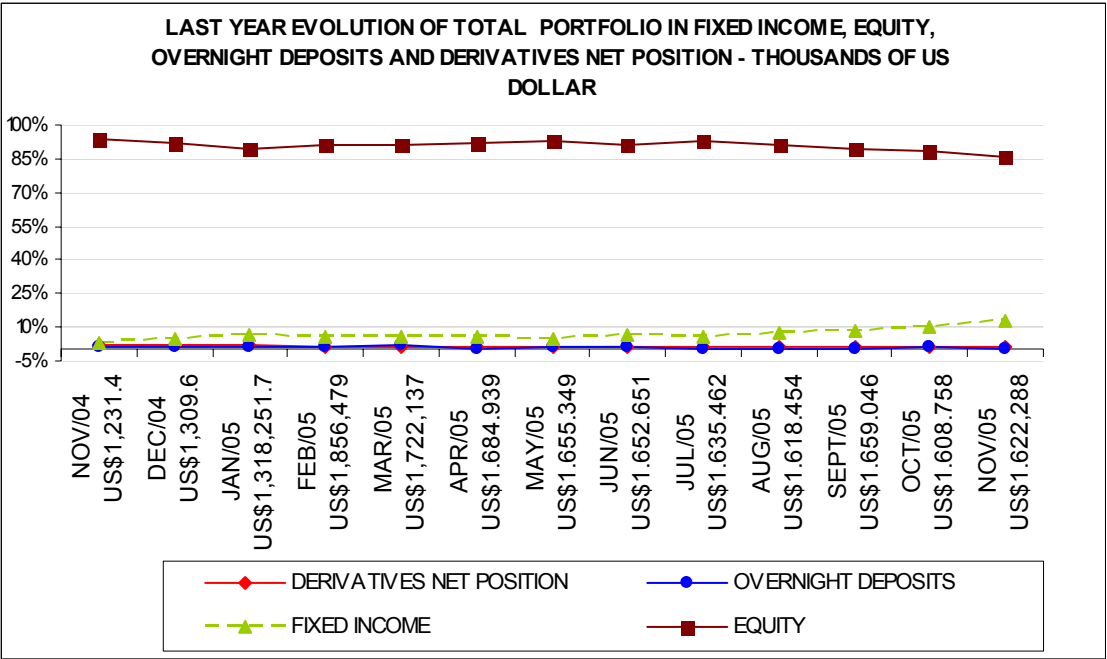
Of the total of affiliated, the 96.5% correspond to dependent workers, the 2.3% to affiliated voluntary and 1.2% with independent workers. Of another part, the 63.2% of the affiliated the funds are men and the 36.8% women (To see Chart 3.2).

### 3.5 INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

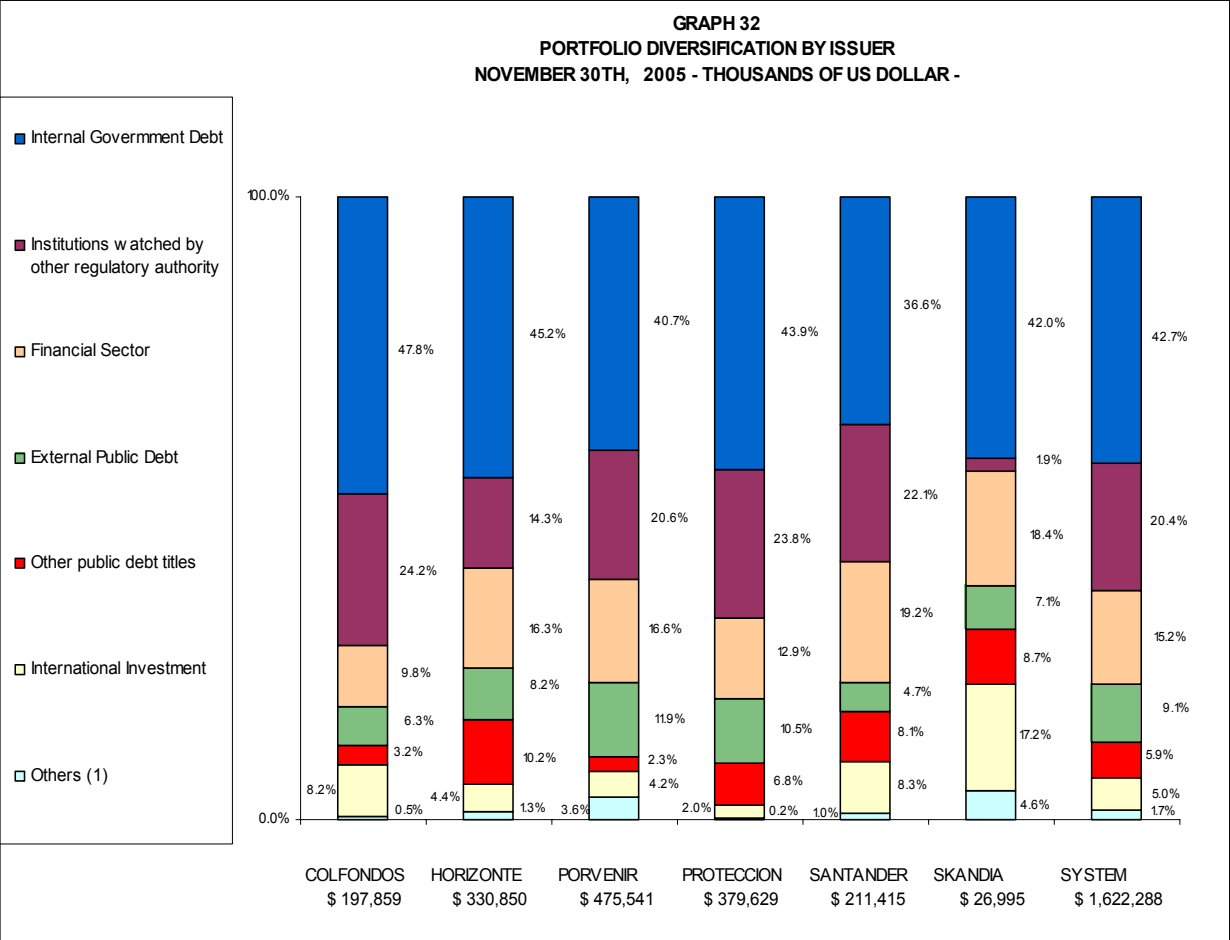
The value of portfolio of the unemployment funds at November 30, 2005 promoted to USD\$1,622,3 million, increasing in a 0.8%, value registered to the closing of the previous month, date in which was of USD\$1.609.8 million.

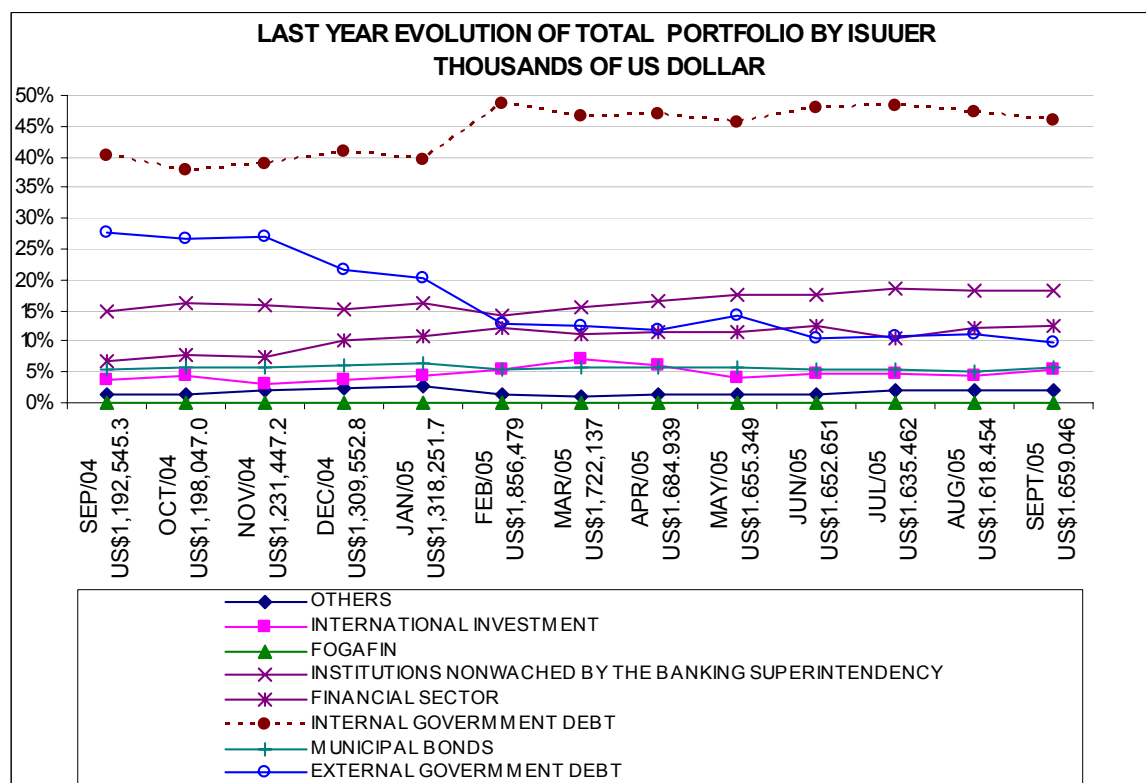
To the closing of November, 2005 the 85.9% of portfolio of the mentioned funds, that is to say, USD\$1,393,4 million correspond to investments of fixed income; the 12.5%, USD\$203,5 million to investments in equity, the 0.6%, USD\$10.0 million to overnight deposits and the 0.9%, USD\$15,3million to the net position in derivatives (right less obligations) (Chart 3.3 and Graph31)



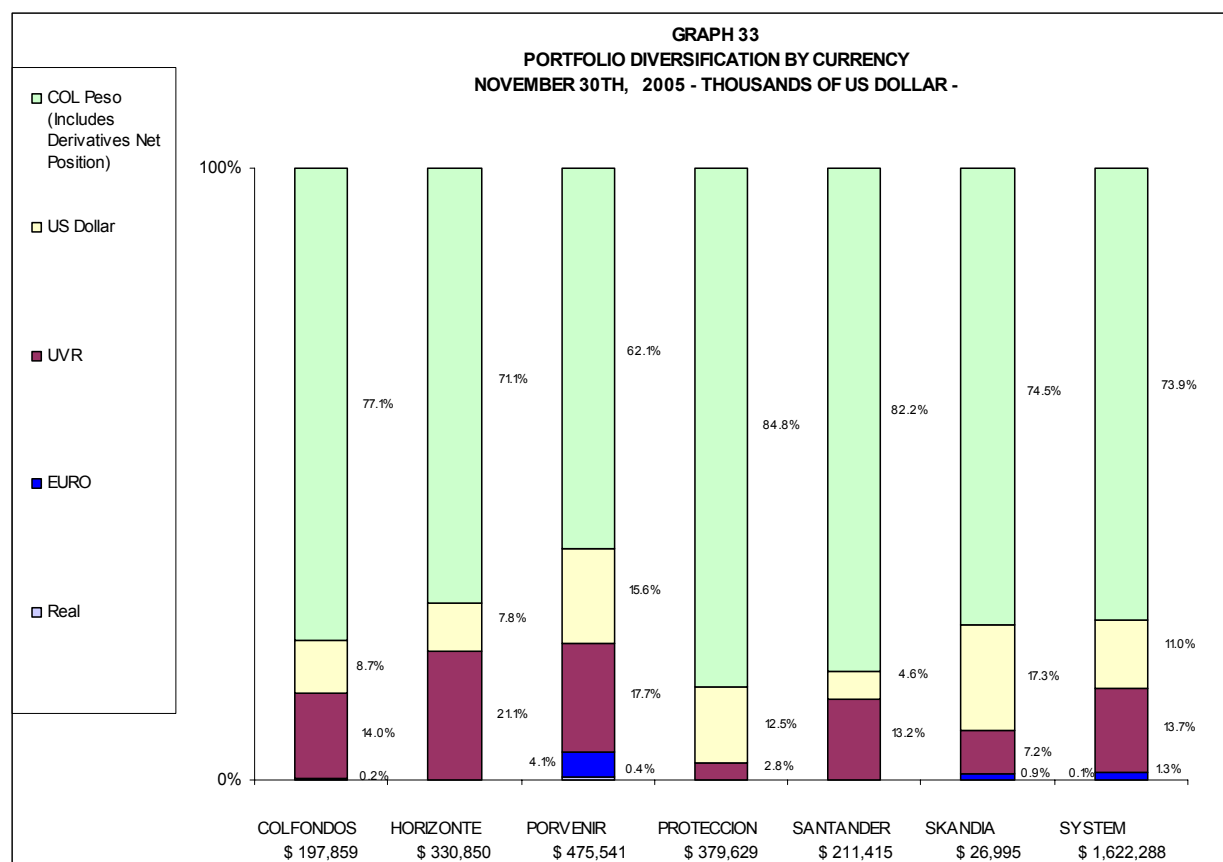


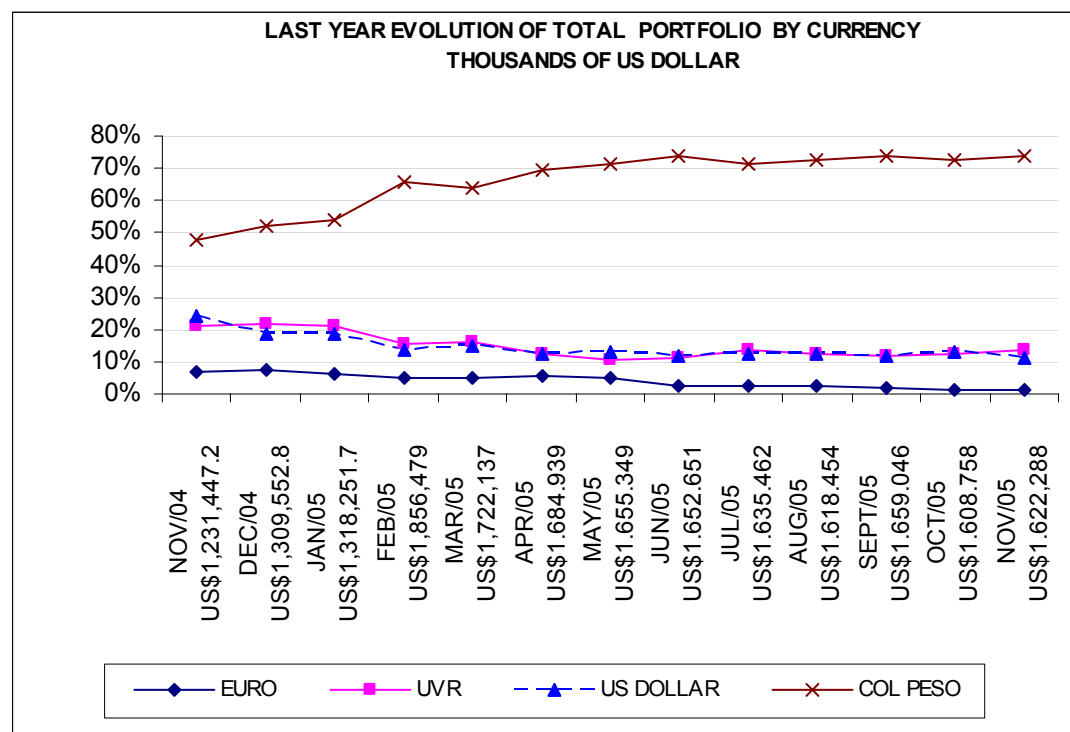
The investment in public debt is most significant in these funds. At November 30, 2005 this investment represented the 57.7% of the value of the total of portfolio (national debt commits the 42.7%, external national debt the 9.1% and territorial organizations and his decentralized the 5.9%), followed by the titles of institutions watched by other regulatory authority with the 20.4%, the titles emitted by financial institutions with the 15.2% and investments in the outside with the 5.0% (Graph 32).



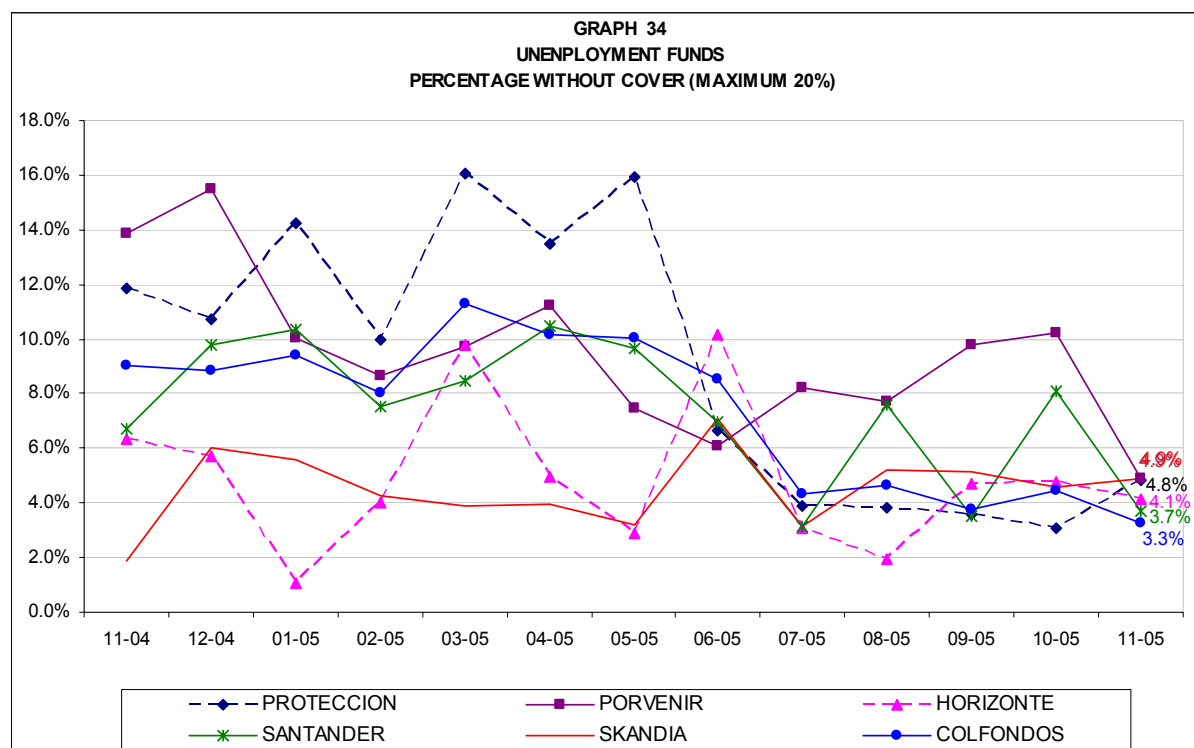


73.9% of portfolio in mention are denominated in Colombian pesos, 13.7% in UVR, the 11.0% in US Dollar , 1.3% in euros and 0.1% in Reals. (Graph 33)

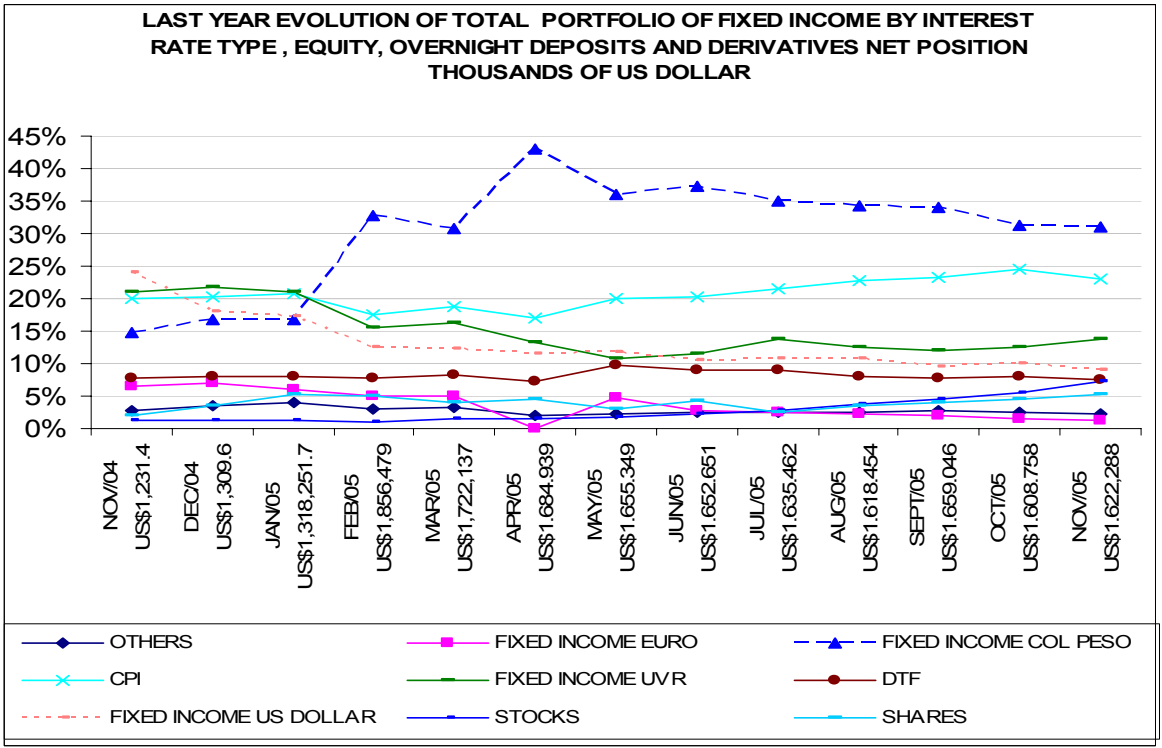
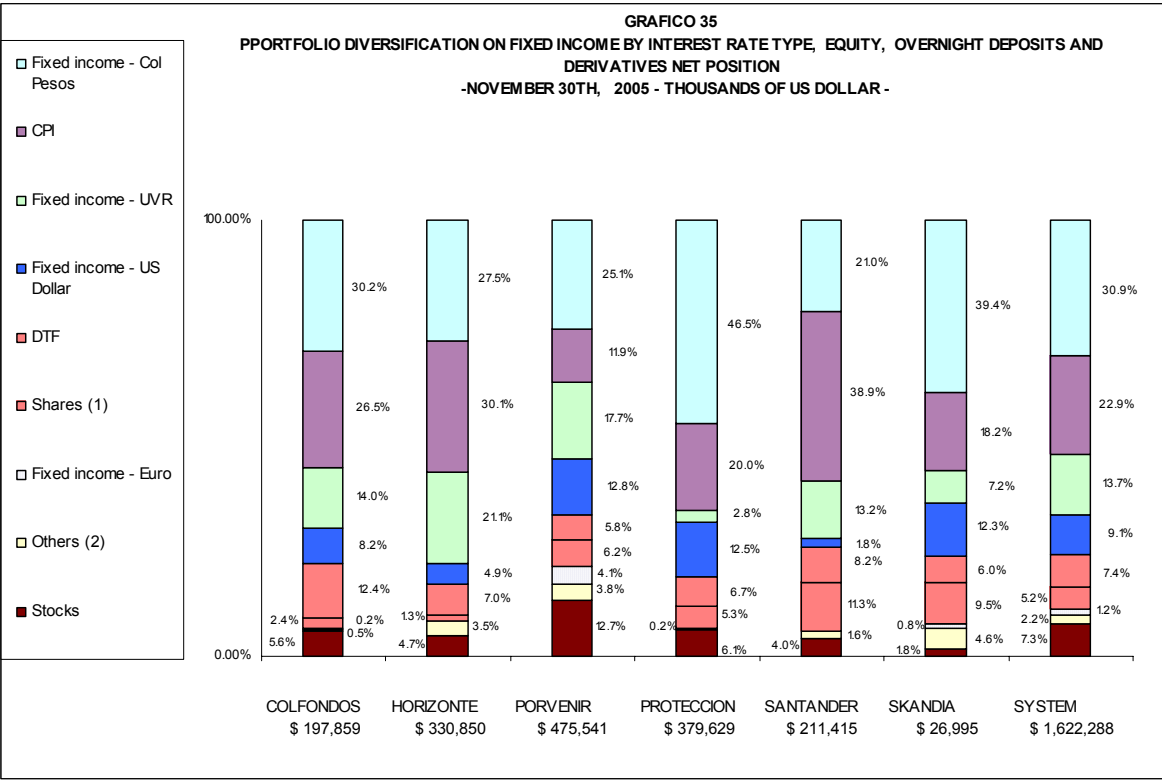




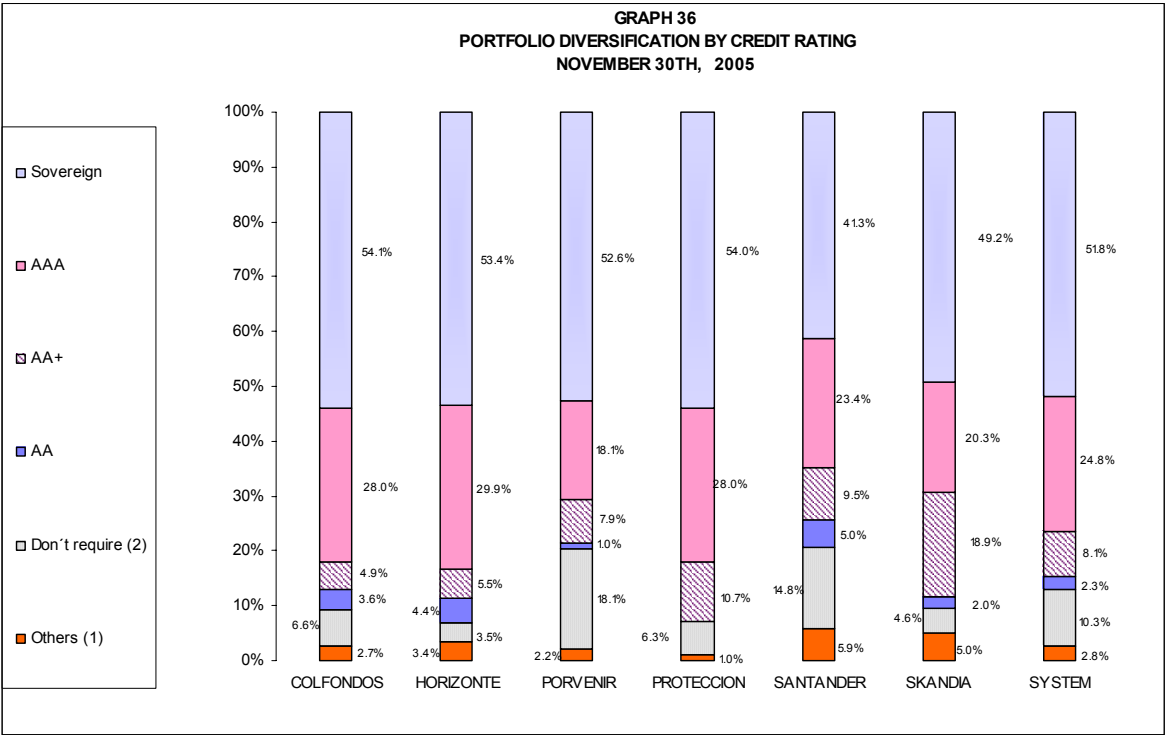
Concerning the foreign currency position, it is observed that the 64.8% of the same one are covered from the exchange rate fluctuation risk and that the discovered part represents 4.4% of the total value of the funds (Graph 34 and Chart 4).



On the other hand, the 30.9% of the portfolio is invested in fixed income issues denominated in Colombian pesos, the 22.9% indexed to CPI, the 13.7% to fixed income in UVR, 9.1% in fixed income in US Dollar, 7.4% to DTF, 7.3% of portfolio is invested in stocks, 5.2% in Shares (Derived from securitization processes, Mutual Funds, unit trust funds, and Indexed Funds), 1.2% are fixed income issues denominated in euro, and the rest, 2.2% are titles in libor fixed income, fixed income reals, overnight deposits and net position in derivatives. (Graph 35 and Chart 3.4).

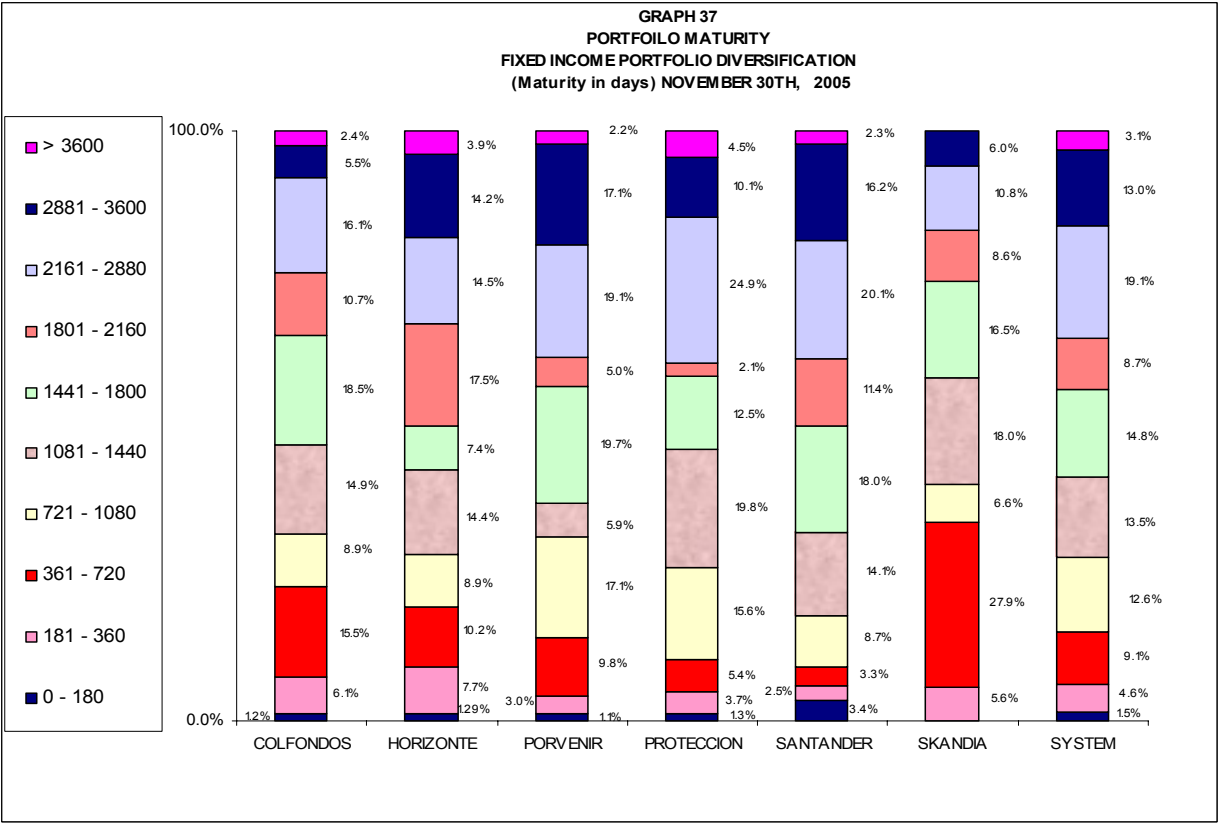


As far as the classification of portfolio by credit risk, it is observed that the 51.8% are titles emitted by the Nation, the 24.8% are investments with qualification AAA, the 8.1% AA+, the 2.3% AA, the 10.3% are investments that do not require qualification, and rest 2.8% corresponds to titles emitted by Fogafin, titles with qualification AA-, A+, A, BBB, BBB-, BB+, B-, 1, 1+ and Titles of emitters in Liquidation (Graph 36).



Source: INFORMATION SUPPLIED BY AFP'S  
(1) Fogafin, AA-, A+, A, BBB, BB-, B-, 1 y Securities Titles of issuers in Liquidation  
(2) Investments: Unit Trust Funds, Mutual Fund, Index Fund and Stocks  
Note 1: For effects to establish the percentage, the total value of portafolio considers excluded the net position in derivatives  
Note 2: For the titles with provision the net value of purchase was taken from amortizations of capital

Finally, it is important to write down that the 1.5% of portfolio of fixed income have an inferior maturity to 180 days, the 4.6% between 181 and 360 days, the 9.1% between 361 and 720 days, the 12.6% between 721 and 1,080 days, the 13.5% between 1,081 and 1,440 days, the 14.8% between 1,441 and 1800 days, the 8.7% between 1801 and 2,160 days, the 19.1% between 2,161 and 2,880 days, the 13.0% between 2881 and 3.600 days and the 3.1% have a maturity superior to 10 years (Graph 37 and Chart 3.5).

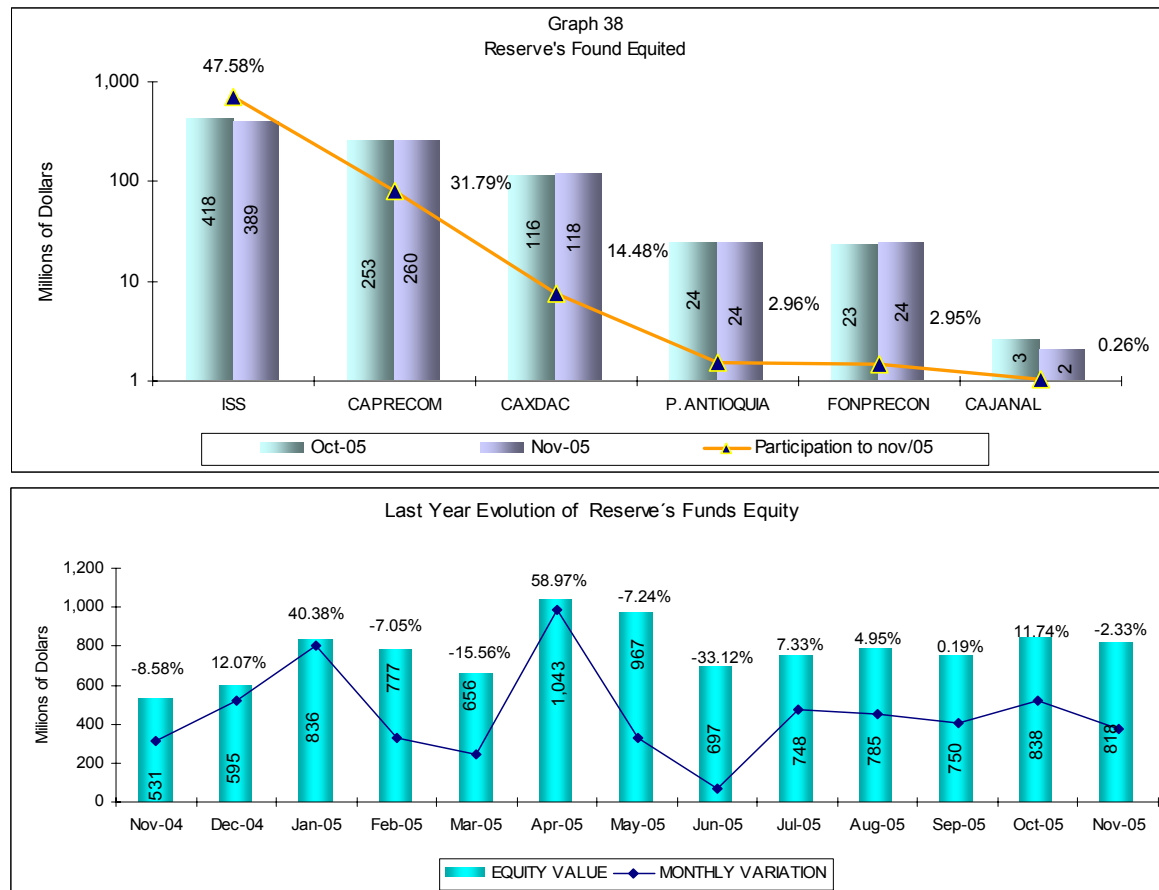




#### 4. PAY AS YOU GO REGIME

##### 4.1 PENSION RESERVE FUND'S EQUITY

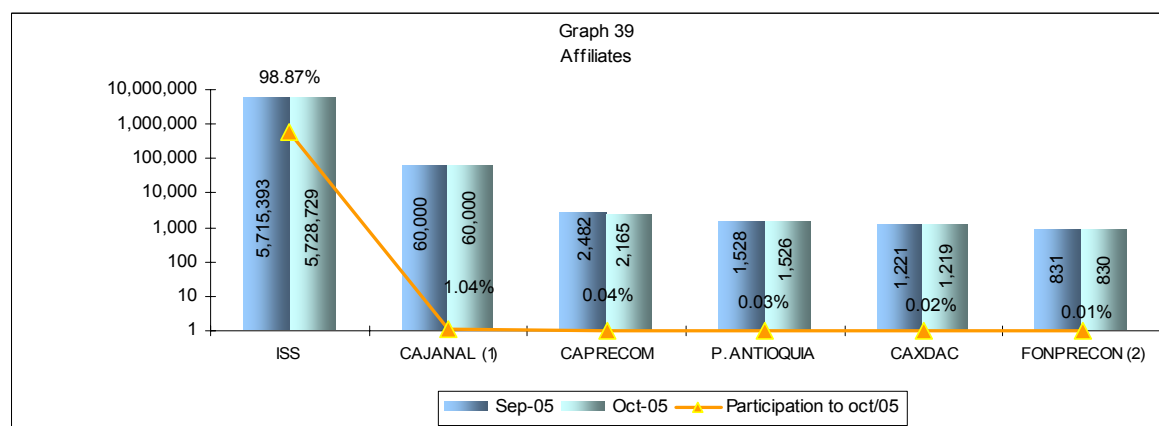
Pay as you go pension reserve fund's equity by November of 2005, reported a balance of USD 818,4 million dollars, USD 25 million dollars less than the value registered by October of 2005, which means a decline of 2.99%. (Graph 38).



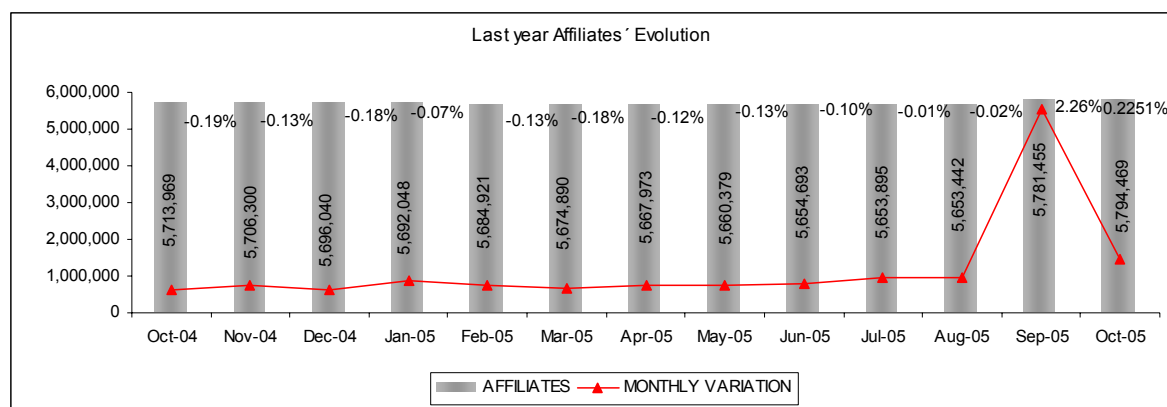
Source: Supervised Entities

##### 4.2 AFFILIATES

According to the numbers sent by the administrator entities of the mentioned Regime, for September and October of 2005, the total number of affiliates was of 5.781.455 and 5.794.469, respectively, showing a rise of 13.014, representing 0.23%. CAJANAL's number is included taking into account preliminary information, and FONPRECON's data is in process of evaluation is composed as follows: In August, 111 correspond to Law 4<sup>th</sup> of 1992 and 754 to Law 100 of 1993; in August the distribution was: 112 and 718, respectively. (Graph 39)

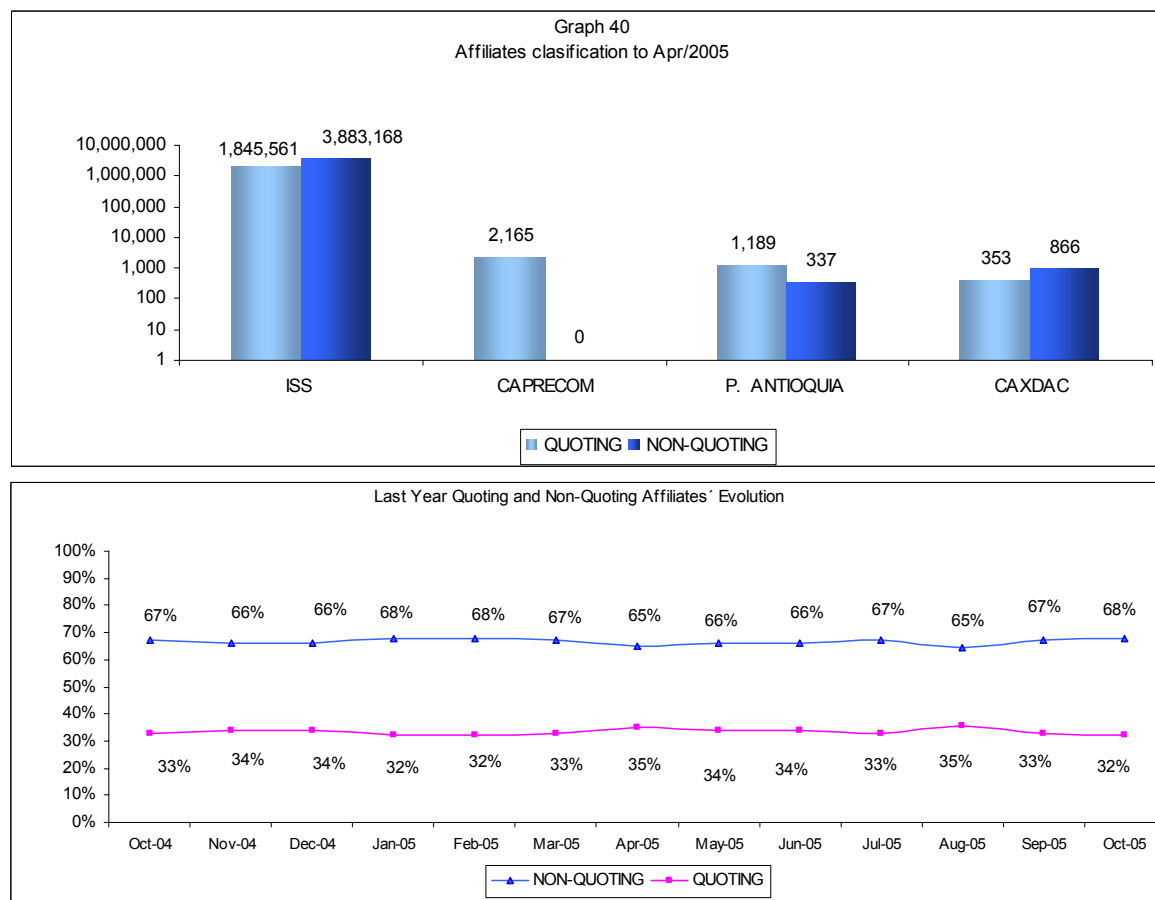


- (1) According to preliminary information  
(2) Data to July of 2002



Source: Supervised Entities

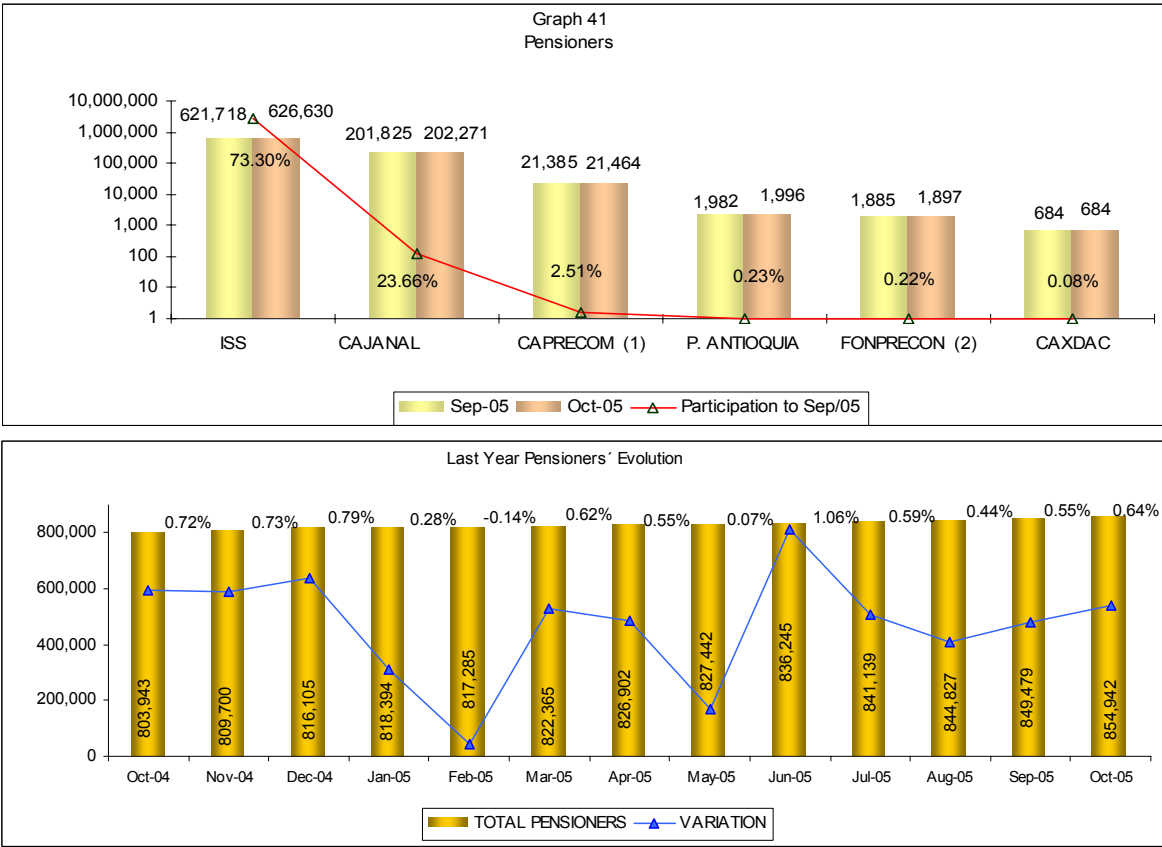
From the total of affiliates for each of the administrators of the pay as you go regime in September of 2005, without including CAJANAL and FONPRECON, 32% corresponds to people who quote, representing 1.849.268 and 68% (3.884.371) to people who do not quote. (Graph 40)



Source: Supervised Entities

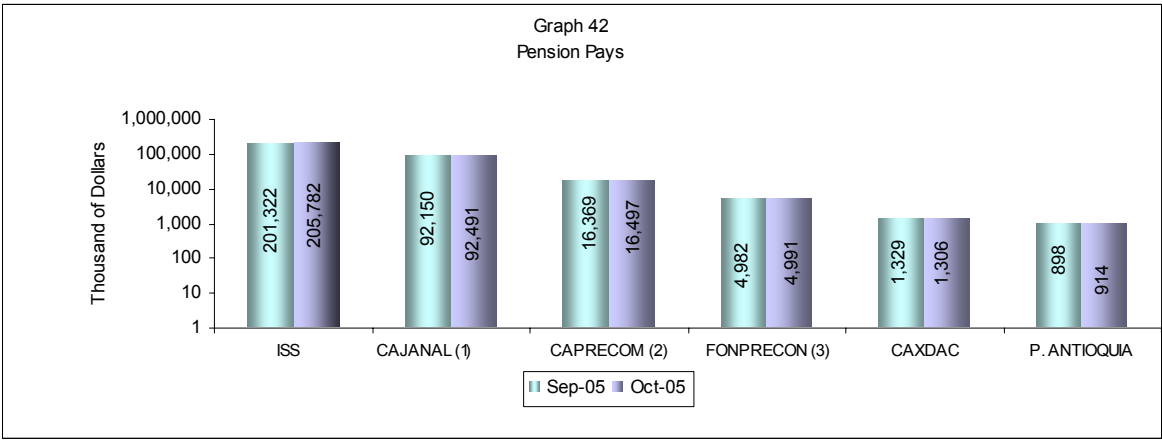
### 4.3 PENSIONERS

The number of pensioners for each of the administrators of this Regime by September of 2005 was of 854.942, presenting a rise of 5.463 pensioners with respect to September of 2005, representing 0.64%. (Graph 41) From the 21.464 pensioners reported by CAPRECOM, 14.351 correspond to conventional pensions and 7.113 to Foncap, specifically to communication sector entities, from which 2.653 are Foncap's direct responsibility. From the 1.897 pensioners reported by FONPRECON, 783 correspond to Law 4<sup>th</sup> of 1992 and 1.102 to Law 100 of 1993. CAJANAL's data is provided by consortium FOPEP.

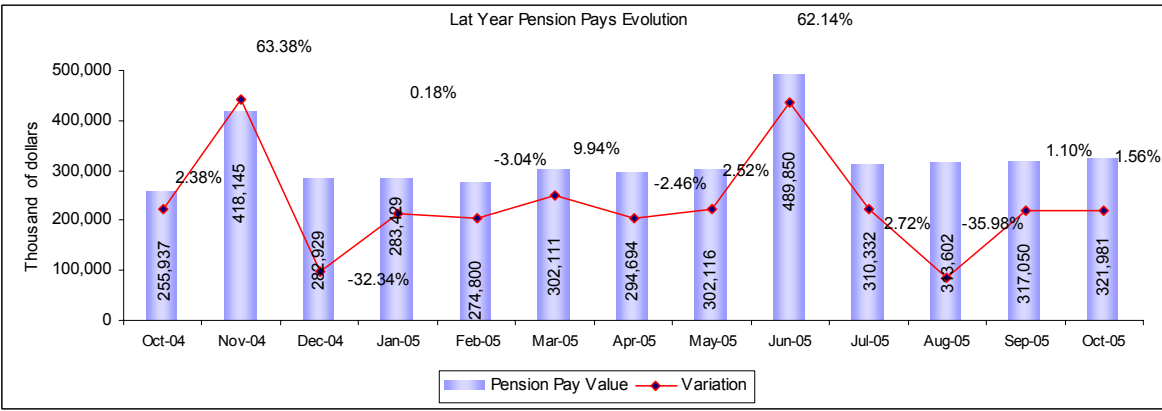


Source: Supervised Entities

According to the administrator's report, the monthly payroll value of pensioners for September of 2005, ascended to USD 324,2 million dollars. (Graph 42) From the 16,6 million USD reported by CAPRECOM, 9,8 million USD correspond to conventional pensions and 6,8 million USD to concurrent, from which 204 thousand dollars are Foncap's direct responsibility. From the 5 million USD reported by FONPRECON, 4,1 million USD correspond to Law 4<sup>th</sup> pensioners and 0,9 million USD to Law 100 of 1993. CAJANAL's information is provided by FOPEP's consortium.

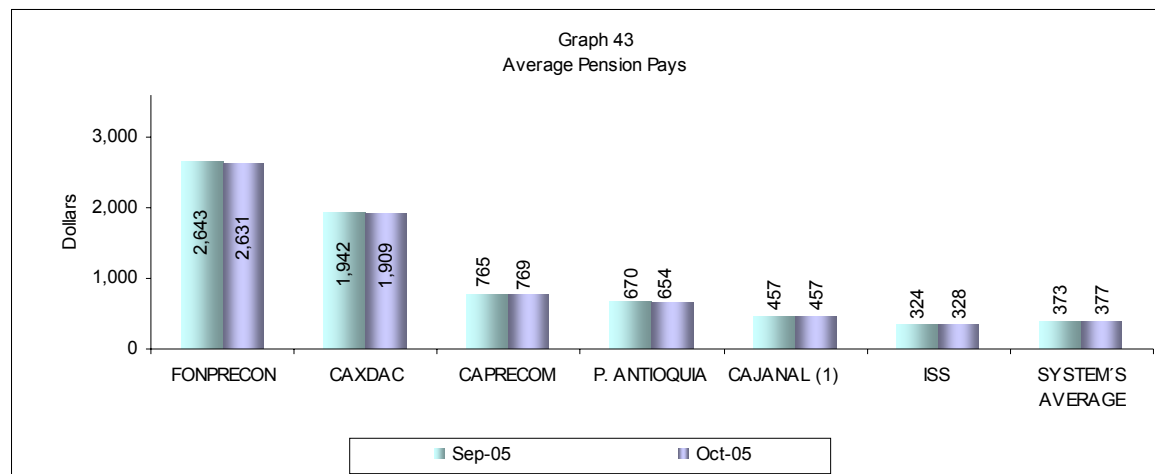


(1) Information Consorcio FOPEP

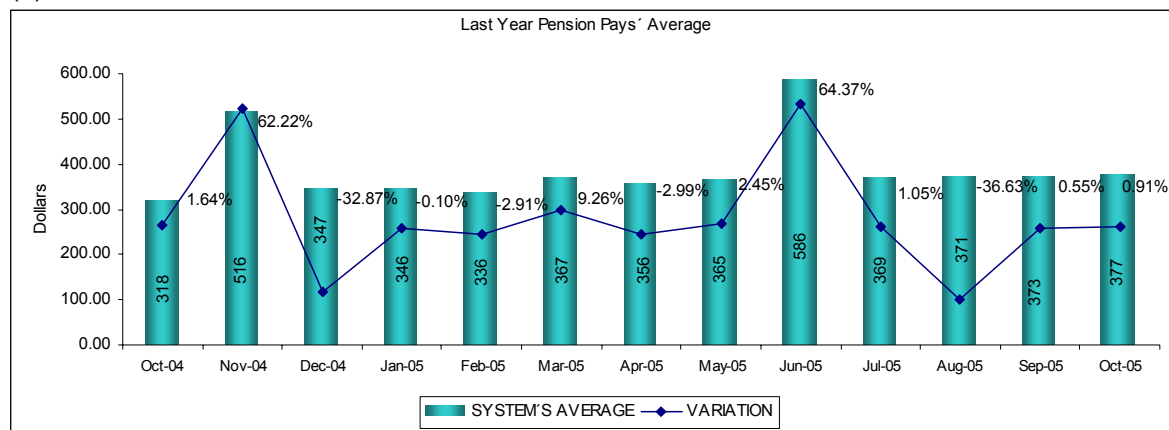


Source: Supervised Entities

The average of pension payment for this Regime in October of 2005 was USD 379,1 dollars, superior in 0.91% than last month's pension pay. (Graph 43)



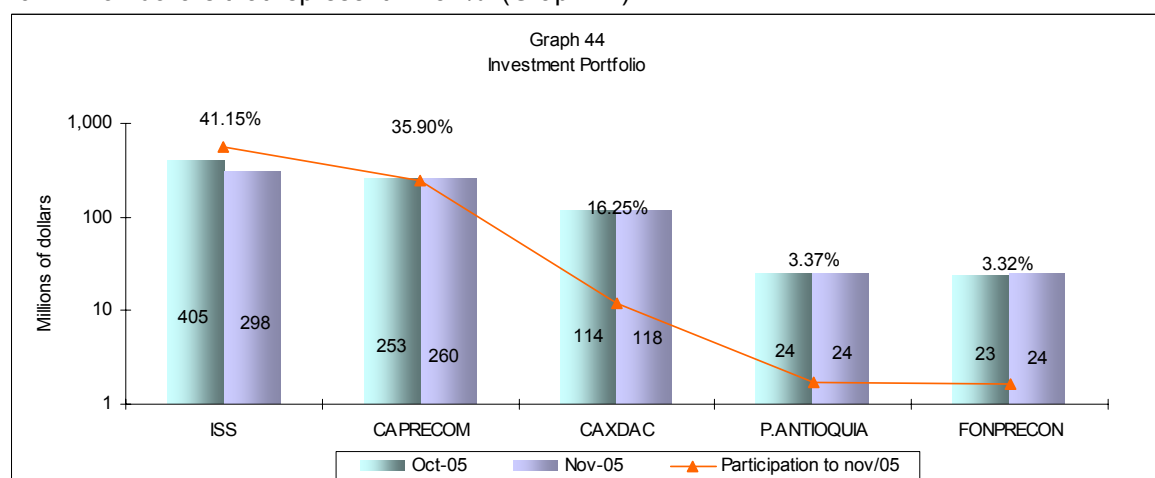
#### (1) Information Consorcio FOPEP

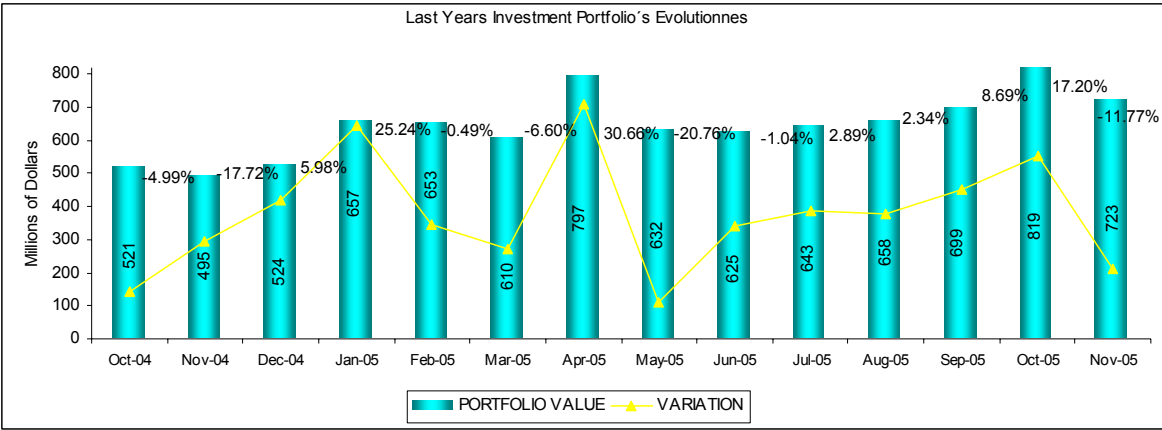


Source: Supervised Entities

#### 4.4 INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

Investment portfolio balances of pension reserve funds by November of 2005 (having in mind that, according to what is established in Law 490 from 1998 and statutory Decree 1404 from 28 of July of 1999, CAJANAL transferred its reserves to FOPEP and therefore does not present balance) ascend to USD 722,9 million dollars compared to 824,9 million dollars in September, showing a decline of USD 102 million dollars that represent 12.37%. (Graph 44)

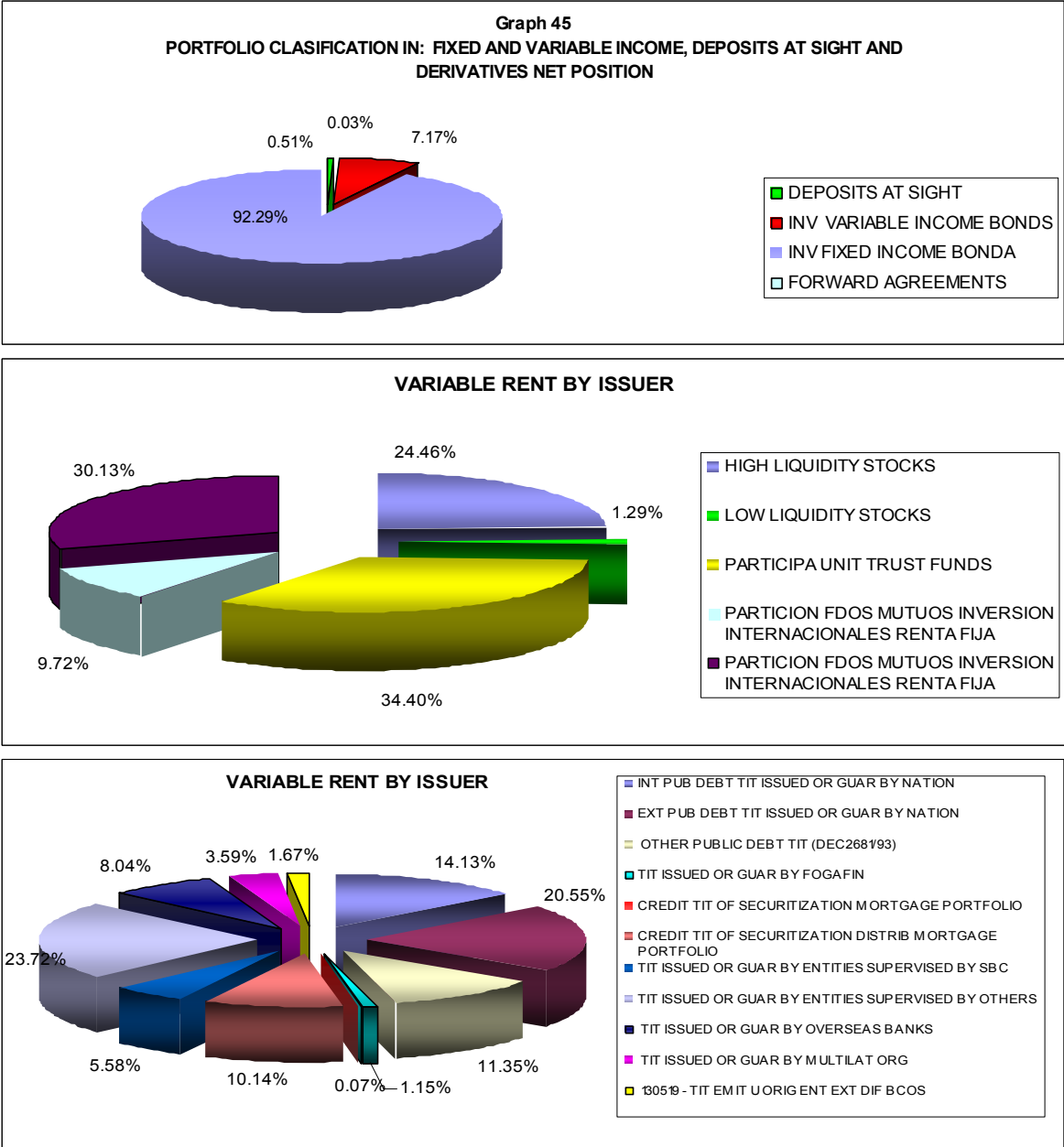




Source: Supervised Entities

In November of 2005, 89% of portfolios were invested in TES, the remaining 11% were represented in other bonds different to Nation bonds, contained in the funds administrated by CAXDAC.

CAXDAC’s investment portfolio is substantially different to other pays as you go reserve funds, due to the fact that this entity, in investment matters, is ruled by the norms issued by this Bank Superintendence for Private Pension Fund Administrators. (Graph 45)

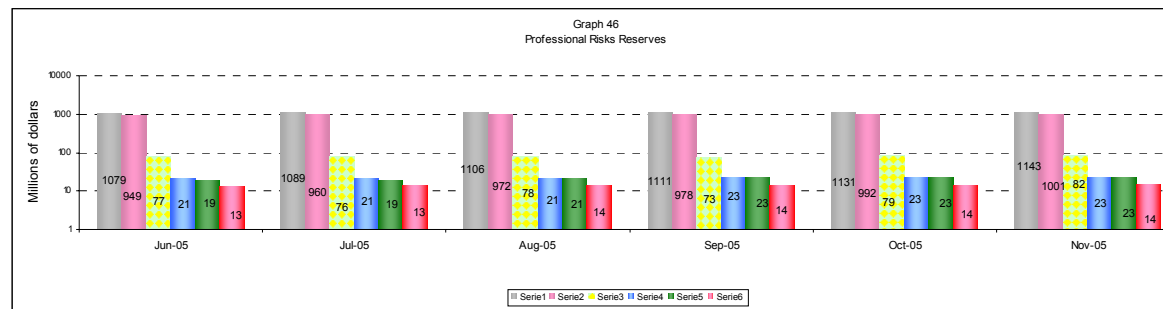


SOURCE: Caxdac

## 5. ISS's PROFESSIONAL RISKS ADMINISTRATOR

### 5.1 RESERVES FOR PROFESSIONAL RISKS

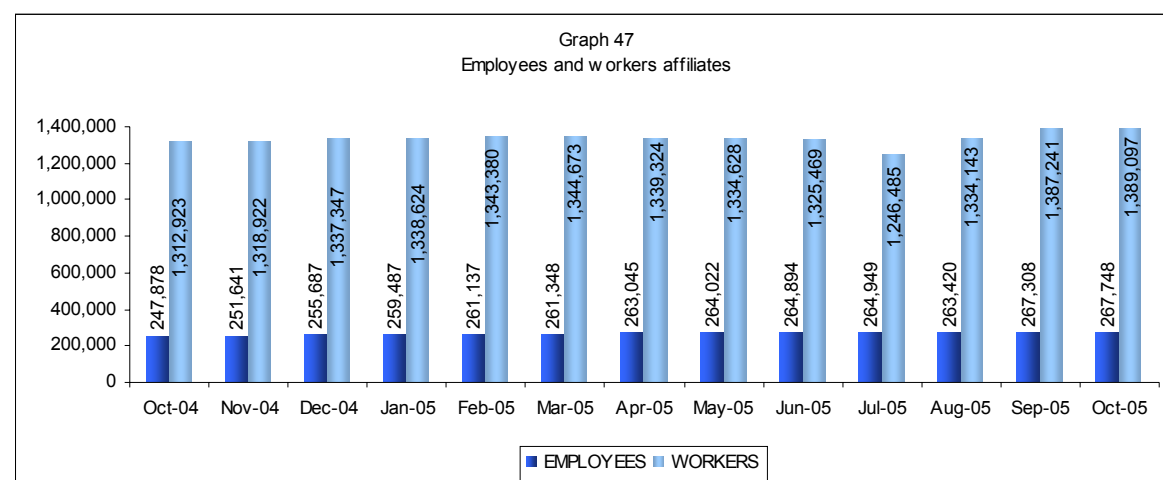
With the expedition of Law 776 of 2002, and in concordance with the instruction of External Circular 044 of the Bank Superintendency, the Instituto de Seguros Sociales (ISS) adopted the technical reserves regime for the life insurance companies that administrate the field of professional risks; in consequence, during the last semester, the ISS presents in its balance statement the amount of each of the following reserves: (Graph 46)



SOURCE: ARP-ISS/ FINANCIAL STATEMENTS IN VERIFYING PROCESS

### 5.2 EMPLOYERS AND AFFILIATE EMPLOYEES

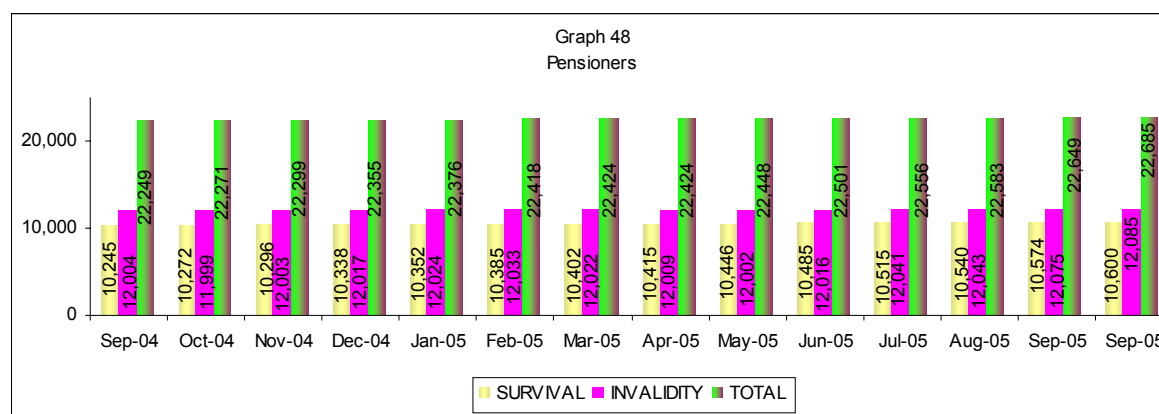
Affiliated employees to the ISS's professional risk insurance company (ARP) during last year (between October 2004 and 2005) reported a growth of 8,02% passing from 247.878 to 267.748, respectively. Affiliate workers, during the same period presented a rise of 5.8% passing from 1.312.923 to 1.389.097. For the months of September and October of 2005, the number of affiliates increased in 440, representing 0.16% and the affiliate workers increased in 1.856, that is 0.13%(Graph 47)



SOURCE: ARP-ISS

### 5.3 PENSIONERS

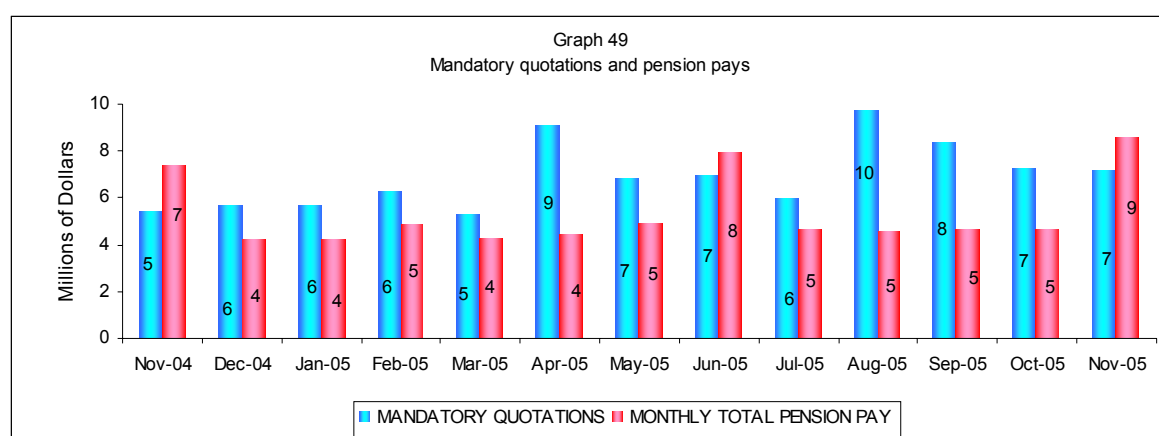
From the total of 22.685 pensioners who report to ISS's ARP in October 2005, 10.600 correspond to survival pension and 12.085 to invalidity pension. During last year, the number of pensioners of survival pension showed a growth of 3.19%, invalidity pension a growth of 0.72% and total pensioners reported an increment of 1.86%. For the months of September and October of 2005, the number of pensioners by survival, invalidity and total increased in 26, 10 and 36 respectively, representing 0.25%, 0.08%, 0.16%(Graph 48)



SOURCE: ARP-ISS

#### 5.4 MANDATORY QUOTATIONS AND PENSION PAYMENTS

Between the months of November 2004 and 2005, ISS's ARP received USD 91,9 million dollars in quotations from affiliate employers, for a monthly average of USD 7 million dollars. The amount paid during the same period on pension payments ascended to USD 71 million dollars, for a monthly average of USD 4,7 million dollars— taking into account that law establishes an annual cancellation of 14 pension payments. Financial statements and statistical reports are in evaluation and depuration process in order for them to be adjusted to the instructions of External Circular 044 of 2003. (Graph 49)



SOURCE: ARP-ISS